













**Dual-Input** 

- Two (2) 0-20 mA, 4-20 mA, 0-5 V, 1-5 V, and ±10 V Inputs
- Displays Two Process Inputs Simultaneously
- Math Functions Capabilities
- Multi-Pump Alternation Control
- Signal Input Conditioning for Flow & Round Horizontal Tank
- Programmable Displays & Function Keys
- 32-Point, Square Root, or Exponential Linearization
- Modern, Sleek and Practical Enclosure
- Display Mountable at 0°, 90°, 180°, & 270° Degrees
- Explosion-Proof, IP68, NEMA 4X Enclosure
- SafeTouch® Through-Glass Button Programming
- Flanges for Wall or Pipe Mounting
- Superluminous Sunlight Readable Display
- Free USB Programming Software & Cable
- Input Power Options Include 85-265 VAC or 12-24 VDC
- Isolated 24 VDC @ 25 mA Transmitter Power Supply
- Modbus® RTU Communication Protocol Standard

PRECISION DIGITAL CORPORATION





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The information contained in this document is subject to change without notice. Precision Digital makes no representations or warranties with respect to the contents hereof and specifically disclaims any implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose.



**CAUTION**: Read complete instructions prior to installation and operation of the meter.



WARNING: Risk of electric shock or personal injury.

 This product is not recommended for life support applications or applications where malfunctioning could result in personal injury or property loss. Anyone using this product for such applications does so at his/her own risk. Precision Digital Corporation shall not be held liable for damages resulting from such improper use.



- Failure to follow installation guidelines could result in death or serious injury. Make sure only qualified personnel perform the installation.
- Never remove the instrument cover in explosive environments when the circuit is live.
- Cover must be fully engaged to meet flameproof/explosion-proof requirements.
- Information in this manual supersedes all enclosure, compliance, and agency approval information included in additional product manuals included with this product.

# **Limited Warranty**

Precision Digital Corporation warrants this product against defects in material or workmanship for the specified period under "Specifications" from the date of shipment from the factory. Precision Digital's liability under this limited warranty shall not exceed the purchase value, repair, or replacement of the defective unit.

# **Registered Trademarks**

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# **Table of Contents**

Table of Contents	3
Table of Figures	4
Introduction	4
Ordering Information	
Specifications	J
General	5
Dual Process Input	6
Relays	
Isolated 4-20 mA Transmitter Output	
Serial Communications	
Digital Inputs & Outputs	8
MeterView Pro	
Product Ratings and Approvals;	
Compliance Information	
Safety	
Electromagnetic Compatibility	
Safety Information	- 11
Installation	
Unpacking	
Pre-Installed Conduit/Stopping Plug	
Mounting	12
Cover Jam Screw	12
Transmitter Supply Voltage Selection (P+, P-)	
Connections	
Required & Factory Wired Connection	
Connectors Labeling	- 13
Power Connections	- 1 <del>4</del>
Signal Connections	- 1 <del>-1</del>
Serial Communications Connections	16
Three Wire Connections	
Using ProVu Serial Adapters	
Relay Connections	19
Switching Inductive Loads	19
F4 Digital Input Connections	20
4-20 mA Output Connections	
Analog Output Transmitter Power Supply	20
Interlock Relay Feature	20
Digital I/O Connections	21
External Switch Contacts	
Setup and Programming	
Overview	
SafeTouch® Buttons	
Front Buttons and Status LED Indicators	
MeterView® Pro Software	
MeterView Pro Installation	
Display Functions & Messages	25
Main Menu	27
Setting Numeric Values	27
Setting Up the Meter (5ELuP)	28
Setting the Input Signal ( InPut)	
Setting the Decimal Point (dEc Pt)	29
Programming the Meter (Profi)	29
Multi-Point Linearization (LinERr)	30
MeterView® Pro Software	30
Scaling the Meter without a Signal Source	
Scaling the Meter for Channel A (5ERL-R)	30

Scaling the Meter for Channel B (5ERL-b)	30
Error Message (Error)	31
Calibrating the Meter with External Source	31
Calibrating the Meter for Channel A (ERL-R)	31
Calibrating the Meter for Channel B (ERL-b)	31
Setting the Display Parameter & Intensity (d5PLRS	ł)
Setting the Input Units or Custom Tags (un £5)	
Setting the Relay Operation (rELRY)	
Setting the Relay Assignment (ຊີ55 ເມັດ)	34
Setting the Relay Action	35
Programming Set and Reset Points	35
Setting Fail-Safe Operation	35
Programming Time Delay	35
Relay Action for Loss of 4-20 mA Input (Loop Brea	
Delever d'Alexan Ou entire Diagram	
Relay and Alarm Operation Diagrams	36
High Alarm Operation (Set > Reset)	36
Low Alarm Operation (Set < Reset)	36
High Alarm with Fail-Safe Operation (Set > Reset	)
Low Alarm with Fail-Safe Operation (Set < Reset)	30
Pump Alternation Control Operation	27
Signal Loss or Loop Break Relay Operation	38
Time Delay Operation	38
Relay Operation Details	
Overview	
Relays Auto Initialization	
Fail-Safe Operation	30
Front Panel LEDs	
Latching and Non-Latching Relay Operation	
Non-Latching Relay (Ruto)	40
Non-Latching Relay (8-02 80)	40
Latching Relay (LALcH)	40
Latching Relay (Lt-[Lr)	41
Acknowledging Relays	41
Pump Alternation Control Applications (ALEErn)	42
Setting Up the Interlock Relay (Force On) Feature	
Interlock Relay Operation Example	43
Scaling the 4-20 mA Analog Output (Rout)	44
Reset Menu (rESEL)	44
Control Menu (Contrl)	
Setting Up the Password (PR55)	45
Protecting or Locking the Meter	45
Making Changes to a Password Protected Meter-	45
Disabling Password Protection	45
Advanced Features Menu	
Advanced Features Menu & Display Messages	
Noise Filter (F :LLEr)	48
Noise Filter Bypass (bypass)	48
Rounding Feature (round)	48
Modbus RTU Serial Communications (5Er 18L)	48
Serial Communications Overview	
Select Menu (5ELEct)	50
Signal Input Conditioning (Functo)	50
Multi-Point Linearization (L InERr)	51
Math Function (෬っ おとわ)	52
Math Constants (Ean5E)	52

Low-Flow Cutoff (EutoFF)52	Troubleshooting 59
Analog Output Programming (RoutPr)53	Diagnostics Menu (d ເຂີຍົ)59
Programmable Function Keys User Menu ("5Er")-53	Determining Software Version 59
Tare (tare A, tare B)55	Reset Meter to Factory Defaults 59
Internal Calibration ( IERL)55	Factory Defaults & User Settings 60
Meter Operation 57	Troubleshooting Tips 62
Front Panel Buttons Operation57	Service63
SafeTouch® Buttons57	
F4 Operation58	Mounting Dimensions63
Maximum/Minimum Readings58	EU Declaration of Conformity65
Figure 2: Integrated ProVu Required Connections 13	Figure 12. Relay Connections
Figure 3. Connector Labeling for Fully Loaded	
	Figure 15. F4 Digital Input Connections20 Figure 16. 4-20 mA Output Connections20
	Figure 17. Interlock Connections20
	Figure 18: Digital I/O Connections21
	Figure 19. Acknowledge Relays w/Function Key or
Figure 7. Voltage Input Connections 15	
Figure 8: ProtEX-MAX Connections to a Serial	Figure 20: General Four-Wire Network Connection49
Converter 16	Figure 21: General Two-Wire Network Connection49
Figure 9. Three-Wire RS485 Connection 16	Figure 22: Enclosure Dimensions – Front View63
Figure 10: RS-485 Wiring 17	
Figure 11: RS-485 Two-Wire Multi-Drop Wiring 18	Section View63

#### Introduction

The ProtEX-MAX PD8-6060 offers all the functionality of the ProVu PD6060 as a fully FM, CSA, ATEX, and IECEx approved explosion-proof product. It accepts two inputs of either a process current (4-20 mA) or process voltage (0-5V, 1-5V, etc.) signal. It displays these signals on a dual-line, 6-digit SunBright® sunlight readable display. Its superluminous LED digits make it easily readable in smoke, dust, fog, and, with the optional SunBright® display, even direct sunlight. The meter can be customized such that these two inputs are displayed in a variety of ways, including both at the same time with tags or the result of math functions performed on one or both of the inputs.

The PD8-6060 includes a 24 VDC power supply to drive the transmitter and can be equipped with up to four internal relays and a 4-20 mA analog output. It can be programmed and operated without opening the housing by using the built-in SafeTouch® through-glass buttons or the RS485 serial communication port with free Modbus® protocol.

Various math functions may be applied to the inputs including addition, difference, absolute difference, average, weighted average, multiplication, division, minimum, maximum, draw, ratio, and concentration. This is in addition to the signal input conditioning functions (linear, square root, programmable exponent, or round horizontal tank calculations). The displays, relays, and the analog output may be assigned to input channels A or B, or math result channel C.

The basic model includes an isolated 24 VDC transmitter power supply that can be used to power the input transmitters or other devices. An additional isolated 24 VDC power supply is included with the 4-20 mA output option. A digital input is standard. A fully loaded PD6060 meter has the following: four SPDT relays, 4-20 mA output, and two 24 VDC power supplies.



# **Ordering Information**

## **SunBright Display Models**

85-265 VAC Model	12-24 VDC Model	Options Installed
PD8-6060-6H0	PD8-6060-7H0	No options
PD8-6060-6H7	PD8-6060-7H7	4 relays & 4-20 mA output



WARNING - Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

#### **Accessories**

Model	Description
PDA1232	RS-232 serial adapter
PDA1485	RS-485 serial adapter
PDA7485-I	RS-232 to RS-422/485 isolated converter
PDA8232-N	USB to RS-232 non-isolated converter
PDA8485-I	USB to RS-422/485 isolated converter
PDX6901	Suppressor (snubber): 0.01 μF/470 Ω, 250 VAC

# **Specifications**

Except where noted all specifications apply to operation at +25°C.

	and a special control of the special control	<u> </u>			
General		Password	Three programmable passwords restrict modification of programmed settings.		
Display	Line 1: 0.60" (15 mm) high, red LEDs Line 2: 0.46" (12 mm) high, red LEDs 6 digits each (-99999 to 999999), with lead zero blanking		Pass 1: Allows use of function keys and digital inputs Pass 2: Allows use of function keys, digital inputs and editing set/reset points Pass 3: Restricts all programming, function		
Display Intensity	Eight user selectable intensity levels		keys, and digital inputs.		
Display Update Rate	5/second (200 ms)	Non-Volatile Memory	All programmed settings are stored in non- volatile memory for a minimum of ten years if power is lost.		
Overrange	Display flashes 999999	Power	85-265 VAC 50/60 Hz, 90-265 VDC, 20 W		
Underrange	Display lines 1.8.2 may be ensigned to	Options	max or 12-24 VDC ± 10%, 15 W max Powered over USB for configuration only.		
Display Assignment  Display Inies 1 & 2 may be assigned to process values for Channels A (Ch-A), B (Ch-B), or C (Ch-C), toggle between (Ch-A & Ch-B, Ch-A & Ch-C, Ch-B & Ch-C, and Ch-A, Ch-B, & Ch-C), toggle between Channel & units, show channel gross value (no tare) or toggle net (tare) and gross values, show relay set points, max & min values, or Modbus input. Line 2 may also		Fuse	Required external fuse: UL Recognized, 5 A max, slow blow; up to 6 meters may share one 5 A fuse		
		Isolated Transmitter Power Supply	Terminals P+ & P-: 24 VDC $\pm$ 10%. Selectable for 24, 10, or 5 VDC supply (internal jumper J4). All models transmitter supply rated @ 25 mA max.		
	be set to show engineering units or be off, with no display.	Normal Mode Rejection	Greater than 60 dB at 50/60 Hz		
Programming Methods	Four front panel buttons, digital inputs, PC and MeterView Pro software, or Modbus	Isolation	4 kV input/output-to-power line 500 V input-to-output or output-to-P+ supply		
Noise Filter	registers.  Programmable from 2 to 199 (0 will disable filter)	Overvoltage Category	Installation Overvoltage Category II: Local level with smaller transient overvoltages than Installation Overvoltage		
Filter Bypass	Programmable from 0.1 to 99.9% of calibrated span	Environmental	Category III.  T6 Class operating temperature range Ta =		
Recalibration	All ranges are calibrated at the factory. Recalibration is recommended at least every 12 months.		<ul><li>-40 to 60°C</li><li>T5 Class operating temperature range Ta =</li><li>-40 to 65°C</li></ul>		
Max/Min Display	Max/min readings reached by the process are stored until reset by the user or until	Max Power Dissipation	Maximum power dissipation limited to 15.1 W.		
	power to the meter is cycled.	Connections	Screw terminals accept 12 to 22 AWG wire		

Enclosure	Explosion-proof die cast aluminum with	Math Functions			0 #:
	glass window, corrosion resistant epoxy coating, color: blue.	Name		ınction	Setting
	NEMA 4X, 7, & 9, IP68.	Addition	,	+B+P)*F	Sunm
	Default conduit connections: Four ¾" NPT	Difference	`	-B+P)*F	diF
	threaded conduit openings and two 3/4"	Absolute diff.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\bs(A-B))+P)*F	diFAbS
	NPT metal conduit plugs with 12 mm hex	Average		A+B)/2)+P)*F	AvG
	key fitting installed. Additional conduit	Multiplication	٠,	\*B)+P)*F	nmulti
	opening configurations may be available;	Division		√B)+P)*F	divide
	verify quantity and sizes on specific device labeling during installation.	Max of A or B	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	AB-Hi)+P)*F	Hi-Ab
		Min of A or B	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	AB-Lo)+P)*F	Lo-Ab
Mounting	Four slotted flanges for wall mounting or	Draw	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	√B)-1)*F	drAuw
	NPS 1½" to 2½" or DN 40 to 65 mm pipe	Weighted avg.		3-A)*F)+A	uw avg
	mounting. See Mounting Dimensions on	Ratio		/B)*F	ratio
	page <b>63</b> .	Ratio 2		8-A)/A)+P)*F	ראב יסכ
Tightening Torque	Screw terminal connectors: 5 lb-in (0.56 Nm)	Concentration Note: The F cons	tant c	/(A+B))*F an be any value fr	Concen rom 0.001 to 999.999.
Overall Dimensions	6.42" x 7.97" x 8.47" (W x H x D) (163 mm x 202 mm x 215 mm)		ple, tl		same effect as a also be derived by
Approximate Shipping Weight	16.0 lbs (7.26 kg)	Sequence of Operations for Input	1. 2.	Select Input for	A and B neering units for A, B,
Warranty	3 years parts & labor	Programming	3. 4.	Set up decimal program A & B	point for A, B, and C
Dual Proces	s Input		4. 5.	Set up the displa	ays for A, B, or C
Two Inputs	Two <b>non-isolated</b> inputs, each separately		6.	Select the transf (e.g. Linear)	fer function for A & B
•	field selectable:		7.		ction for Channel C
	0-20, 4-20 mA, ±10 V (0-5, 1-5, 0-10 V),		8.		nts for Factor (F) and
	Modbus PV (Slave)			Adder (P).	(, ) ====
Channels	Channel A, Channel B, Channel C (Math		9.	Program cutoff v	values for A and B
	channel)	Accuracy		03% of calibrated	
Programmable	Constant P (Adder): -99.999 to 999.999,		squ	are root & prograi	mmable exponent
Constants	default: 0.000			uracy	
	Constant F (Factor): 0.001 to 999.999,			ge: 10-100% of ca	•
	default: 1.000	Temperature Drift		05% of calibrated 65°C ambient,	span/°C max from 0
			0.0	,	pan/°C max from -40
		Signal Input Conditioning	exp	ear, square root, ponent, or nd horizontal tank	orogrammable
		** ** B : 4			14 15



**Multi-Point** 

Exponent Low-Flow

Cutoff **Decimal Point** 

Linearization **Programmable**  2 to 32 points for channel A and B

0-99999 (0 disables cutoff function)

Up to five decimal places or none: dådddd, dåddd, dådd, dåd, or dddddd

1.0001 to 2.9999

Calibration Range	Input Range 4-20 mA ±10 V	Minimum Span Input 1 & Input 2 0.15 mA 0.01 V	
		ssage will appear if the input 1 signals are too close together.	
Input Impedance	Current rang	ges: greater than 500 k $\Omega$ ges: 50 - 100 $\Omega$ (depending on use impedance)	
Input Overload	Current input protected by resettable fuse, 30 VDC max. Fuse resets automatically after fault is removed.		
F4 Digital Input Contacts		contact. Connect normally cts across F4 to COM.	
F4 Digital Input Logic Levels	Logic High: Logic Low: (	3 to 5 VDC 0 to 1.25 VDC	
HART Transparency	Analog input will not interfere with existing HART communications on the wired 4-20 mA signal		
Relays			
Rating	(Form A) ex and 125/250	orm C) internal and/or 4 SPST ternal; rated 3 A @ 30 VDC O VAC resistive load; 1/14 HP 125/250 VAC for inductive	
Noise Suppression	each relay o	ression is recommended for contact switching inductive page 19 for details.	
Deadband	0-100% of s	pan, user programmable	
High or Low Alarm	low trip poin	rm LEDs and relays may be	
Relay Operation	Latching (re Sampling (b Pump altern Off (disable Interlock fea	non-latching) quires manual acknowledge) lased on time) lation control (2 to 4 relays) unused relays and enable lature) off control mode	
Time Delay	delays	econds, on & off relay time	
Fail-Safe Operation	relay. Note: Relay condit In cas	ble and independent for each coil is energized in non-alarm tion. The of power failure, relay will alarm state.	
Auto Initialization		r is applied to the meter, effect the state of the input to	

Relay Reset	User selectable via front panel buttons, digital inputs, or PC
	Automatic reset only (non-latching)     when the input passes the reset     point.
	Automatic + manual reset at any time (non-latching)
	<ol> <li>Manual reset only, at any time (latching)</li> </ol>
	Manual reset only after alarm condition has cleared (L)
	Note: Front panel button or digital input may be assigned to acknowledge relays programmed for manual reset.
Isolated 4-3	00 mA Transmitter Output

#### Isolated 4-20 mA Transmitter Output

isolated 4-20	IIIA ITAIISI	ilitter O	utput
Output Source	Process channel A, B, or C, max or min for channel A, B, or highest or lowest max or min of A and B, set points 1-4, Modbus input, or manual control mode		
Scaling Range	1.000 to 23.000	mA for any	/ display range
Calibration	Factory calibra mA output	ted: 4.000 to	20.000 = 4-20
Analog Out Programming	23.000 mA ma Overrange, und break		•
Accuracy	± 0.1% of span	± 0.004 mA	
Temperature Drift	0.4 μA/°C max 0.8 μA/°C max Note: Analog o input drift.	from -40 to	0°C ambient
Isolated Transmitter Power Supply	Terminals I+ & F used to power other devices. 14 and Figure @ 25 mA max.	the 4-20 m <i>P</i> Refer to Fig	output or ure 3 on page
External Loop Power Supply	35 VDC maxim	um	
Output Loop	Power supply	Minimum	Maximum
Resistance	24 VDC	10 Ω	700 Ω
	35 VDC (external)	100 Ω	1200 Ω



#### **Serial Communications**

Compatibility	EIA-485
Connectors	Removable screw terminal connector
Max Distance	3,937' (1,200 m) max
Status Indication	Separate LEDs for Power (P), Transmit (TX), and Receive (RX)
Slave Id	1 – 247 (Meter address)
Baud Rate	300 – 19,200 bps
Transmit Time Delay	Programmable between 0 and 199 ms
Data	8 bit (1 start bit, 1 or 2 stop bits)
Parity	Even, Odd, or None with 1 or 2 stop bits
Byte-To-Byte Timeout	0.01 – 2.54 second
Turn Around Delay	Less than 2 ms (fixed)
Note: Pofor to the	PROVI® Madhua Pagistar Tables leasted

Note: Refer to the PROVU® Modbus Register Tables located at www.predig.com for details.

#### **Digital Inputs & Outputs**

Channels	4 digital inputs & 4 digital outputs per module
Digital Input Logic High	3 to 5 VDC
Digital Input Logic Low	0 to 1.25 VDC

Digital Output Logic High	3.1 to 3.3 VDC	
Digital Output Logic Low	0 to 0.4 VDC	
Source Current	10 mA maximum output current	
Sink Current	1.5 mA minimum input current	
+5 V Terminal	To be used as pull-up for digital inputs only.  Connect normally open pushbuttons across +5 V & DI 1-4.  DO NOT use +5 V terminal (pin 1) to power external devices.	
Function Assignment	The on-board digital inputs (1-4) are designed to mimic the behavior of the front panel buttons (Menu, F1, F2, & F3). If you wish to change their behavior, reassign F1-F3 to the desired function, then change the corresponding digital input to match.	

#### **MeterView Pro**

System Requirements	Microsoft® Windows® XP/Vista/7/8/10
Communications	USB 2.0 (Standard USB A to Micro USB B)
Configuration	Configure device settings one at a time

# **Product Ratings and Approvals;**

Enclosure: Type 4X; IP66
Class I, Division 1, Groups B, C, D
Class II, Division 1, Groups E, F, G

Class III, Division 1, T5/T6

Class I, Zone 1, AEx d, IIC Gb T5/T6

Zone 21, AEx tb IIIC T90°C; Ta -40°C to +65°C T6 Ta = -40°C to +60°C; T5 Ta = -40°C to +65°C

Certificate Number: 3047283

CSA Class I, Division 1, Groups B, C, D

Class II, Division 1, Groups E, F, G

Class III, Division 1 Class I Zone 1 Ex d IIC Zone 21 Ex tb IIIC T90°C

-40°C < Tamb. < +60° C; Temperature Code T6 -40°C < Tamb. < +65° C; Temperature Code T5

Enclosure Type 4X & IP66 Certificate Number: 2531731

Ex d IIC T\* Gb

Ex tb IIIC T90°C Db IP68 Ta = -40°C to +\*°C

\*T6 = -40°C to +60°C \*T5 = -40°C to +65°C

Certificate number: Sira 12ATEX1182

IECEx Ex d IIC T\* Gb

Ex tb IIIC T90°C Db IP68

Ta = -40°C to +\*°C \*T6 = -40°C to +60°C \*T5 = -40°C to +65°C

Certificate Number: IECEx SIR 12.0073

#### Special Conditions for Safe Use:

Use suitably certified and dimensioned cable entry device and/or plug. The equipment shall be installed such that the supply cable is protected from mechanical damage. The cable shall not be subjected to tension or torque. If the cable is to be terminated within an explosive atmosphere, then appropriate protection of the free end of the cable shall be provided. Cable must be suitable for 90°C.

#### Year of Construction

This information is contained within the serial number with the first four digits representing the year and month in the YYMM format.

**For European Community:** The ProtEX-MAX must be installed in accordance with the ATEX directive 94/9/EC, and the product certificate Sira 12ATEX1182.



# **Compliance Information**

# **Safety**

UL & c-UL Listed	USA & Canada UL 508 Industrial Control Equipment	
UL File Number	E160849	
Front Panel	UL Type 4X, NEMA 4X, IP65; panel gasket provided	
Low Voltage	EN 61010-1:2010	
Directive	Safety requirements for measurement, control, and laboratory use	
Electromagnetic (	Compatibility	
Emissions	EN 55022:2010	
	Class A ITE emissions requirements	
Radiated	Class A	
Emissions		
AC Mains	Class A	
Conducted		
Emissions		
Immunity	EN 61326-1:2013	
	Measurement, control, and laboratory equipment	
	EN 61000-6-2:2005	
DEL Assall de	EMC heavy industrial generic immunity standard	
RFI - Amplitude	80 -1000 MHz 10 V/m 80% AM (1 kHz) 1.4 - 2.0 GHz 3 V/m 80% AM (1 kHz)	
Modulated	2.0 - 2.7 GHz 1 V/m 80% AM (1 kHz)	
Electrical Fast	±2kV AC mains, ±1kV other	
Transients		
Electrostatic	±4kV contact, ±8kV air	
Discharge		
RFI - Conducted	10V, 0.15-80 MHz, 1kHz 80% AM	
AC Surge	±2kV Common, ±1kV Differential	
Surge	1KV (CM)	

#### Note:

Power-Frequency

Magnetic Field

Voltage Dips

Interruptions

Voltage

Testing was conducted on PD6000 Series meters installed through the covers of grounded metal enclosures with cable shields grounded at the point of entry representing installations designed to optimize EMC performance.

Declaration of Conformity available at www.predig.com



30 A/m 70%V for 0.5 period

40%V for 5 & 50 periods

70%V for 25 periods

<5%V for 250 periods

# **Safety Information**



#### WARNINGS

- Read complete instructions prior to installation and operation of the instrument.
- Installation and service should be performed only by trained service personnel. Service requiring replacement of internal sub-components must be performed at the factory.
- Disconnect from supply before opening enclosure. Keep cover tight while circuits are alive. Conduit seals must be installed within 18" (450mm) of the enclosure or within 2" (50mm) for Zone installations.
- Verify that the operating atmosphere of the instrument is consistent with the appropriate hazardous locations certifications.
- If the instrument is installed in a high voltage environment and a fault or installation error occurs, high voltage may be present on any lead
- · Read all product labels completely and follow all instructions and requirements listed on the labels for installation or service.

#### Installation

Install in accordance with applicable local and national regulations (e.g. NEC).

For Installation in USA: The ProtEX-MAX must be installed in accordance with the National Electrical Code (NEC) NFPA 70.

For Installation in Canada: The ProtEX-MAX must be installed in accordance with the Canadian Electrical Code CSA 22.1. All power supplies below 36 V and input circuits must be derived from a CSA Approved Class 2 source.

For European Community: The ProtEX-MAX must be installed in accordance with the ATEX directive 94/9/EC and the product certificate Sira 12ATEX1182.



Disconnect from supply before opening enclosure. Keep cover tight while circuits are alive. Conduit seals must be installed within 18" (450mm) of the enclosure or within 2" **WARNING** (50mm) for Zone installations.

Wiring connectors are accessed by opening the enclosure. To access electrical connectors, remove the 2 captive screws and then remove the electronics module. Connectors are on the rear of the electronics module.

# Unpacking

Remove the instrument from packing box. Inspect the packaging and contents for damage. Report damages, if any, to the carrier.

If any part is missing or the instrument malfunctions, please contact your supplier or the factory for assistance.



# Pre-Installed Conduit/Stopping Plug

The PD8-6000 is supplied with two pre-installed conduit plugs for installations that do not require the use of all conduit entries. The conduit/stopping plugs include an internal 12mm hexagonal socket recess for removal. The pre-installed plugs and their installation are included in the hazardous area approvals for the PD8 Series enclosure.



In hazardous areas, conduit and conduit/stopping plugs require the application of non-setting (solvent free) thread sealant. It is critical that all relevant hazardous area guidelines be followed WARNING for the installation or replacement of conduit or plugs.

# Mounting

The ProtEX-MAX has four slotted mounting flanges that should be used for pipe mounting or wall mounting. Refer to *Mounting Dimensions*, page 63 for details.



Do not attempt to loosen or remove flange bolts while the instrument is in service.

#### Cover Jam Screw

The cover jam screw should be properly installed once the instrument has been wired and tested in a safe environment. The cover iam screw is intended to prevent the removal of the instrument cover in a flameproof environment without the use of tools. Using a M2 hex wrench, turn the screw clockwise until the screw contacts the aluminum enclosure. Turn the screw an additional 1/4 to 1/2 turn to secure the cover. Caution: Excess torque may damage the threads and/or wrench.

# Transmitter Supply Voltage Selection (P+, P-)

All meters, including models equipped with the 12-24 VDC power option, are shipped from the factory configured to provide 24 VDC power for the transmitter or sensor.

If the transmitter requires 5 or 10 VDC excitation, the internal jumper J4 must be configured accordingly.

To access the voltage selection jumper:

- 1. Remove all the wiring connectors.
- Unscrew the back cover.
- 3. Slide out the back cover by about 1 inch.
- 4. Configure the J4 jumper, located behind the input signal connector, for the desired excitation voltage as shown.

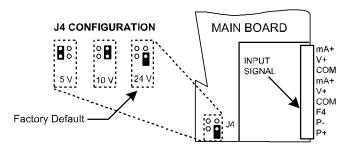


Figure 1. Transmitter Supply Voltage Selection

#### **Connections**



- Observe safe handling precautions for static-sensitive components.
- Use proper grounding procedures/codes.



- If the instrument is installed in a high voltage environment and a fault or installation error occurs, high voltage may be present on any lead or terminal.
- Follow all fusing and wiring precautions requirements for the instrument integrated to the PD8 Series model number being connected.

To access the connectors, remove the enclosure cover and unscrew the two captive screws that fasten the electronics module. Signal connections are made to de-pluggable connectors on the back of the electronics module.

Some connectors may be provided already connected. These connections are required for proper operation of the ProtEX-MAX, and should not be removed unless instructed to by this manual.

Wires marked as being used for testing purposes should be removed.

Grounding connections are made to the two ground screws provided on the base – one internal and one external.

After all connections have been completed and verified, apply power to the unit.

#### Required & Factory Wired Connection

The ProtEX-MAX comes with a pre-wired connection. This connection is detailed below, and must be maintained in order for the instrument to function properly.



Observe all safety regulations. Electrical wiring should be performed in accordance with all agency requirements and applicable national, state, and local codes to prevent damage to the meter and ensure personnel safety.

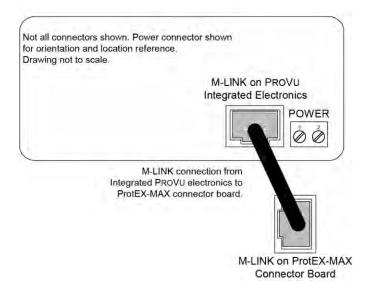


Figure 2: Integrated ProVu Required Connections

#### **Connectors Labeling**

The connectors' label, affixed to the meter, shows the location of all connectors available with requested configuration.



Do not connect any equipment other than Precision Digital's expansion modules, cables, or meters to the RJ45 M-LINK connector. Otherwise damage will occur to the equipment and the meter.

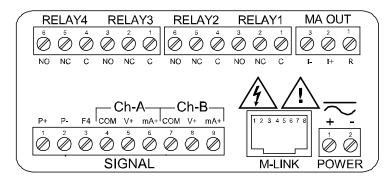


Figure 3. Connector Labeling for Fully Loaded PD6060

#### **Power Connections**

Power connections are made to a two-terminal connector labeled POWER on Figure 3. The meter will operate regardless of DC polarity connection. The + and - symbols are only a suggested wiring convention.

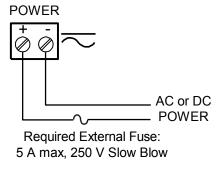


Figure 4. Power Connections

#### Signal Connections

Signal connections are made to a nine-terminal connector labeled

SIGNAL on Figure 3. The COM (common) terminals are the return for the 4-20 mA and the  $\pm 10$  V input signals. The two COM terminals connect to the same common return, and are not isolated.

#### **Current and Voltage Connections**

The following figures show examples of current and voltage connections.

There are no switches or jumpers to set up for current and voltage inputs. Setup and programming is performed through the front panel buttons.

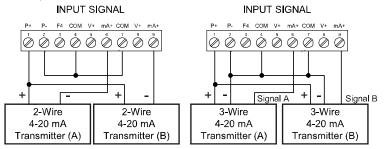


Figure 5. Transmitters Powered by Internal Supply

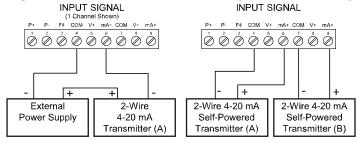


Figure 6. Transmitter Powered by Ext. Supply or Self-Powered

The current input is protected against current overload by a resettable fuse. The display may or may not show a fault condition depending on the nature of the overload.

The fuse limits the current to a safe level when it detects a fault condition, and automatically resets itself when the fault condition is removed.

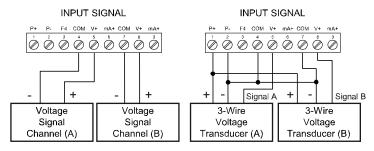


Figure 7. Voltage Input Connections

The meter is capable of accepting any voltage from -10 VDC to +10 VDC.

#### **Serial Communications Connections**

The ProtEX-MAX has a 5 position terminal block for connecting RS-485 serial devices.

Figure 8 details the wiring connections from the ProtEX-MAX to an RS-485 serial converter (such as the PDA7485 or PDA8485) for a four-wire network.

ProtEX-MAX to RS-485 Serial Converter Connections		
RS-485 Serial Converter	ProtEX-MAX RS- 485 Connections	
÷	÷	
DO	DI	
DO	DI	
DI	DO	
DI	DO	

Figure 8: ProtEX-MAX Connections to a Serial Converter

The ProtEX-MAX has three diagnostic LEDs: a Power (P) LED to show when the module is powered properly, a Transmit Data (TX) LED to show when the module is being transmitted to by the PC side, and a Receive Data (RX) LED to show when the module is sending data to a receiving device.

The following diagrams detail how to connect the RS-485 serial communications from the ProtEX-MAX to a RS-485/RS-232 serial converter (PDA7485) in four wire and two wire configurations.

#### **Three Wire Connections**

In order to wire the 5 pins for use as a 3-wire half-duplex RS-485 connection, it is necessary to create a jumper connection between DI – DO and DI – DO- as shown below.

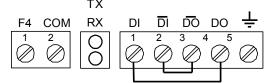


Figure 9. Three-Wire RS485 Connection

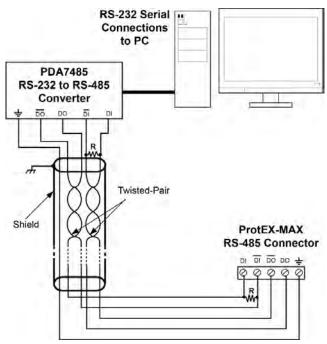


Figure 10: RS-485 Wiring

#### Notes:

- 1. Termination resistors are optional and values depend on the cable length and characteristic impedance. Consult the cable manufacturer for recommendations.
- 2. Refer to RS-232 to RS-485 Converter documentation for further details.
- 3. Use shielded cable, twisted-pairs plus ground. Connect ground shield only at one location.



Observe all safety regulations. Electrical wiring should be performed in accordance with all agency requirements and applicable national, state, and local codes to prevent damage to the meter and ensure **WARNING** personnel safety.

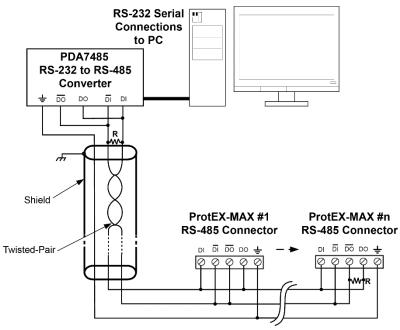


Figure 11: RS-485 Two-Wire Multi-Drop Wiring

#### Notes:

- 1. Termination resistors are optional and values depend on the cable length and characteristic impedance. Consult the cable manufacturer for recommendations.
- Refer to RS-232 to RS-485 Converter documentation for further details.
- 3. Use shielded cable, twisted-pair plus ground. Connect ground shield only at one location.



Observe all safety regulations. Electrical wiring should be performed in accordance with all agency requirements and applicable national, state, and local codes to prevent damage to the meter and ensure **WARNING** personnel safety.

When using more than one instrument in a multi-drop or multi-point mode, each meter must be provided with its own unique address. See Modbus RTU Serial Communications on page 48.

# Using ProVu Serial Adapters



PROVU expansion modules and serial adapters are not included in the hazardous area approvals of the ProtEX-MAX. The PDA1232 and PDA8008 may be used only while the ProtEX-MAX is in a safe area, and will disable some features while installed.

PROVU expansion modules and serial adapters are not recommended for use with the ProtEX-MAX. It is recommended that any serial protocol conversion required on the RS-485 communications connection be performed using a PDA7485 RS-232 to RS-485 or PDA8485 USB to RS-485 serial converter located in a safe area.



#### **Relay Connections**

Relay connections are made to two six-terminal connectors labeled RELAY1 – RELAY4 on Figure 3. Each relay's C terminal is common only to the normally open (NO) and normally closed (NC) contacts of the corresponding relay. The relays' C terminals should not be confused with the COM (common) terminal of the INPUT SIGNAL connector.

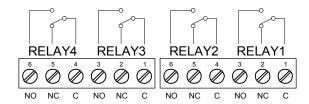


Figure 12. Relay Connections

#### Switching Inductive Loads

The use of suppressors (snubbers) is strongly recommended when switching inductive loads to prevent disrupting the microprocessor's operation. The suppressors also prolong the life of the relay contacts. Suppression can be obtained with resistor-capacitor (RC) networks assembled by the user or purchased as complete assemblies. Refer to the following circuits for RC network assembly and installation:

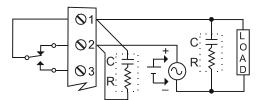


Figure 13. AC and DC Loads Protection

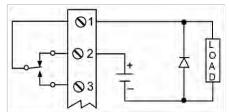
Choose R and C as follows:

R: 0.5 to 1  $\Omega$  for each volt across the contacts

C: 0.5 to 1 µF for each amp through closed contacts

#### Notes:

- 1. Use capacitors rated for 250 VAC.
- 2. RC networks may affect load release time of solenoid loads. Check to confirm proper operation.
- 3. Install the RC network at the meter's relay screw terminals. An RC network may also be installed across the load. Experiment for best results.



Use a diode with a reverse breakdown voltage two to three times the circuit voltage and forward current at least as large as the load current.

Figure 14. Low Voltage DC Loads Protection

#### **RC Networks Available from Precision Digital**

RC networks are available from Precision Digital and should be applied to each relay contact switching an inductive load. Part number: PDX6901.

Note: Relays are de-rated to 1/14th HP (50 watts) with an inductive load.



#### **F4 Digital Input Connections**

A digital input, F4, is standard on the meter. This digital input connected with a normally open closure across F4 and COM, or with an active low signal applied to F4.

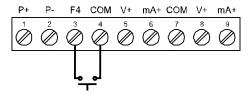


Figure 15. F4 Digital Input Connections

#### 4-20 mA Output Connections

Connections for the 4-20 mA transmitter output are made to the connector terminals labeled MA OUT. The 4-20 mA output may be powered internally or from an external power supply.

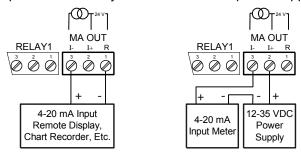


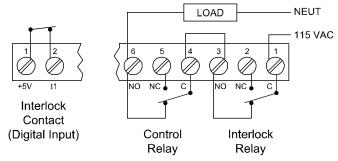
Figure 16. 4-20 mA Output Connections

#### **Analog Output Transmitter Power Supply**

The internal 24 VDC power supply powering the analog output may be used to power other devices, if the analog output is not used. The I+ terminal is the +24 V and the R terminal is the return.

#### **Interlock Relay Feature**

As the name implies, the interlock relay feature reassigns one, or more, alarm/control relays for use as interlock relay(s). Interlock contact(s) are wired to digital input(s) and trigger the interlock relay. This feature is enabled by configuring the relay, and relative digital input(s) (see page 43). In one example, dry interlock contacts are connected in series to one digital input which will be used to force on (energize) the assigned interlock power relay when all interlock contacts are closed (safe). The interlock relay front panel LED flashes when locked out. The interlock relay would be wired in-series with the load (N/O contact). See below.



**Figure 17. Interlock Connections** 

#### **Digital I/O Connections**

The ProtEX-MAX has a 10 position terminal block for connecting digital inputs and outputs.

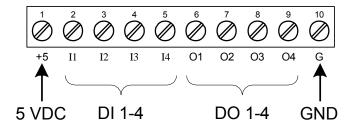


Figure 18: Digital I/O Connections



The onboard digital inputs (1-4) are configured at the factory to function identically to the front panel pushbuttons (Menu, F1, F2, & F3) in order to work with the SafeTouch buttons. Changing the programming of the digital inputs will affect the function of the SafeTouch buttons. If you wish to change the behavior of the digital inputs, re-assign F1-F3 to the desired function, then change the corresponding digital input to match.



Observe all safety regulations. Electrical wiring should be performed in accordance with all agency requirements and applicable national, state, and local codes to prevent damage to the meter and ensure personnel safety.

#### **External Switch Contacts**

The ProtEX-MAX includes 4 digital inputs. These digital inputs are preconfigured at the factory to function as external contacts to duplicate the front button functions of the instrument. The factory configuration uses the following corresponding digital input terminals for external switch contacts.

Digital Input Connection	Factory Default Function
I1	MENU
12	RIGHT arrow
13	UP arrow
14	ENTER arrow

See Digital Inputs & Outputs in the Specification on page 8 for details on the digital inputs.



The digital inputs are configured at the factory to function identically to the front panel pushbuttons in order to work with the SafeTouch buttons. Changing the programming of the digital inputs will affect the function of the SafeTouch buttons.

# **Setup and Programming**

The meter is factory calibrated prior to shipment to read in milliamps and volts depending on the input selection.

The calibration equipment is traceable to NIST

#### Overview

There are no jumpers to set for the meter input selection.

Setup and programming may be done through the infrared through-glass SafeTouch buttons, or using the mechanical buttons when uncovered. There is a slide switch located on the connector board. This is used to enable or disable SafeTouch Buttons.

After power and input signal connections have been completed and verified, apply power to the meter.

#### SafeTouch® Buttons

The ProtEX-MAX is equipped with four sensors that operate as through-glass buttons so that it can be programmed and operated without removing the cover (and exposing the electronics) in a hazardous area.

These buttons can be disabled for security by selecting DISABLE on the switch labeled NO-CONTACT BUTTONS located on the connector board.

To actuate a button, press one finger to the glass directly over the marked button area. Then retract finger more than three inches from the glass before pressing the next button. When the cover is removed, the four mechanical buttons located next to the sensors are used. The sensors are disabled when a mechanical button is pressed and will automatically be re-enabled after 60 seconds of inactivity.

The SafeTouch Buttons are designed to filter normal levels of ambient interference and to protect against false triggering, however, it is recommended that the SafeTouch Buttons be disabled (slide switch to LOCK) if there is an infrared interference source in line-of-sight to the display.

The SafeTouch Buttons are configured by default to duplicate the function of the front panel mechanical pushbuttons associated with the integrated meter. The symbols by each SafeTouch button correspond to a mechanical button as shown in the table on the next page.

#### SafeTouch Button Tips:

- To the extent possible, install the display facing away from sunlight, windows, reflective objects and any sources of infrared interference.
- Keep the glass window clean.
- Tighten the cover securely.
- Use a password to prevent tampering.



Take caution when cleaning the window glass as it may result in unintentional SafeTouch button events. Only clean the ProtEX-MAX when the system is safely shut down, and inspect the ProtEX-MAX for proper configuration prior to system restart.

#### Front Buttons and Status LED Indicators



Button Symbol	Description	
Q MENU MENU	Menu	
F1	Right arrow/F1	
F2	Up arrow/F2	
→ F3 F3	Enter/F3	
Notes:		
F4-8 are digital inputs.		

LED	Status	
1-8	Alarm 1-8 indicator	
1-8 M	Flashing: Relay in manual control mode	
A B C	Channel displayed Flashing: Tare	
1-4	Flashing: Relay interlock switch open	
Note:		
I FDs for relays in manual mode		

LEDs for relays in manual mode flash with the "M" LED every 10 seconds.

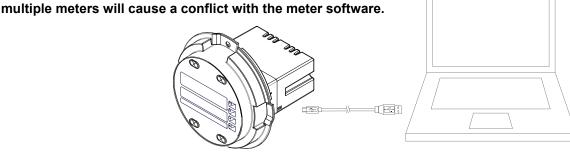
- Press the Menu button to enter or exit the Programming Mode at any time.
- Press the Right arrow button to move to the next digit during digit or decimal point programming.
- Press or hold the Up arrow button to scroll through the menus, decimal point, or to increment the value of a digit.
- Press the Enter button to access a menu or to accept a setting.
- Press and hold the Menu button for three seconds to access the advanced features of the meter.

# MeterView® Pro Software

The meter can also be programmed using the PC-based MeterView Pro software included with the meter. This software can be installed on any Microsoft® Windows® (XP/Vista/7/8/10) computer by connecting the meter's onboard USB. The meter is powered by the USB connection, so there is no need to wire anything prior to programming the meter, though USB is intended only for meter configuration.

#### **MeterView Pro Installation**

1. Connect one end of the provided USB cable to the internal electronics module and the other end to the computer. The computer will automatically install the driver software it needs to talk to the meter. Only one meter may be connected at a time. Attaching



- Once the driver is installed, an AutoPlay dialog should appear for the drive "MAINSTAL." Click "Open folder to view files." If the computer does not display an AutoPlay dialog for the drive "MAINSTAL," you should open My Computer and doubleclick on the drive labeled "MAINSTAL."
- Double-click on the file named "MAStart." The program will open a few windows and install two programs on your computer. Simply follow the onscreen instructions until you see one of the dialogs below. If you receive a "User Account Control" warning, click "Yes."
- 4. If there is an update available, click the "Update" button to install the new version. Otherwise, click "Configure" to begin programming your meter.



Open folder to view file







**Note:** If you decide to update your MeterView Pro software, once the installation has completed, you will be asked if you want to update the setup files located on the meter itself. This way, you will always have the most current version on the meter for future installs.



Do not unplug the meter while the new installation files are being written to it. The meter will display uwrite during the process and you will receive an onscreen notification once the process is complete.

Data logging for one meter at a time is available with MeterView Pro software. More advanced data acquisition may be accomplished by using any Modbus RTU compliant software. Additional information regarding configuration and monitoring of the meter using MeterView Pro software is available online. Go to www.predig.com/meterview-pro.



# **Display Functions & Messages**

The following table shows the main menu functions and messages in the order they appear in the menu.

Display	Parameter	<b>Action/Setting Description</b>
5EtuP	Setup	Enter Setup menu
InPut	Input	Enter Input selection menu
Eh-A*	Input	Set input type for channel A (*or B)
רח 🖁	4-20 mA	Set meter for 4-20 mA input
UoLE	0-10 VDC	Set meter for ±10 VDC input
un iES	Unit	Select the display units/tags
[h-A*	Unit	Set unit or tag for channel A (*or B or C)
dEc Pt	Decimal point	Set decimal point
Eh-A∗	Decimal point	Set decimal point for channel A (*or B or C)
ProG	Program	Enter the <i>Program</i> menu
InERL	Input calibration	Enter the <i>Input Calibration</i> menu
[h-A∗	Input A	Set input type for channel A (*or B)
SCAL A	Scale A	Enter the <i>Scale</i> menu for channel A
SCAL P	Scale B	Enter the <i>Scale</i> menu for channel B
CAL A	Calibrate A	Enter the <i>Calibration</i> menu for channel A
CAL P	Calibrate B	Enter the <i>Calibration</i> menu for channel B
InP 1	Input 1	Calibrate input 1 signal or program input 1 value
d 15 1	Display 1	Program display 1 value
InP 2	Input 2	Calibrate input 2 signal or program input 2 value (up to 32 points)
4 .5 2	Display 2	Program display 2 value (up to 32 points)
Error	Error	Error, calibration not successful, check signal or programmed value
d5PLRY	Display	Enter the <i>Display</i> menu
LinE 1	Line 1	Assign line 1 parameter
LinE 2	Line 2	Assign line 2 parameter
d [h-A	Display Ch- A	Assign display to channel A
d [h-b	Display Ch- B	Assign display to channel B
	Display Ch-	Assign display to channel C

Display	Parameter	<b>Action/Setting Description</b>
d AP	Display AB	Alternate display of channel A & B
d RC	Display AC	Alternate display of channel A & C
д Р[	Display BC	Alternate display of channel B & C
d APC	Display ABC	Alternate display of channel A, B, & C
d 5Et 1*	Display set 1*	Displays relay 1(*through 8) set point.
9 H '- B	Display high A	Display high value of channel A
d Lo-A	Display low A	Display low value of channel A
4 HL-8	Display hi/low A	Alternate between high/low value of channel A
4 H '-P	Display high B	Display high value of channel B
d Lo-b	Display low B	Display low value of channel B
4 HL-P	Display high/low B	Alternate between high/low value of channel B
4 H '-[	Display high C	Display high value of channel C
d Lo-C	Display low C	Display low value of channel C
4 HL-C	Display high/low C	Alternate between high/low value of channel C
d A-u	Display A and units/tags	Alternate display of channel A and the unit/tag
d b-u	Display B and units/tags	Alternate display of channel B and the unit/tag
d C-u	Display B and units/tags	Alternate display of channel C and the unit/tag
A Gros	Display A gross	Display input channel A gross (no tare)
A uF-C	Display A net and gross	Alternate display of channel A net (tare) and gross (no tare)
b GroS	Display B gross	Display input channel B gross (no tare)
p uf-0	Display B net and gross	Alternate display of channel B net (tare) and gross (no tare)

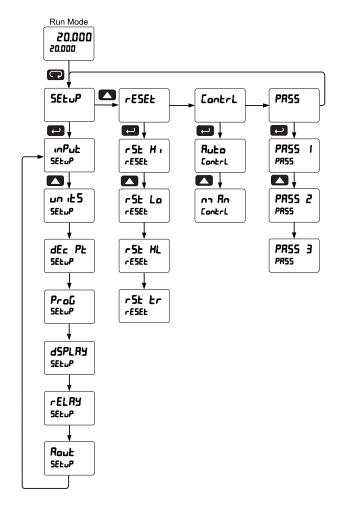
Dioplay	Daramatar	Action/Setting Description
Display	Parameter	Action/Setting Description
	Display Modbus	Display Modbus input register
d off	Display off	Display blank (line 2)
d nu iF	Display unit	Display line 1 channel units
d- Inty	Display intensity	Set display intensity level from 1 to 8
rELRY	Relay	Enter the <i>Relay</i> menu
855 iGn	Assignment	Assign relays to channels or Modbus
85 (Gn 1	Assign 1	Relay 1 assignment
Eh-A*	Channel A*	Assign relay to channel A (*or B or C)
בשם רח	Modbus	Assign relay to Modbus register
LFA 1	Relay 1	Relay 1 setup
Act 1	Action 1	Set relay 1 action
Ruto	Automatic	Set relay for automatic reset
A-nman	Auto- manual	Set relay for auto or manual reset any time
LAFEH	Latching	Set relay for latching operation
LE-CL	Latching- cleared	Set relay for latching operation with manual reset only after alarm condition has cleared
ALEErr	Alternate	Set relay for pump alternation control
SAnn PL	Sample	Set relay for sample time trigger control
OFF	Off	Turn relay off
FR LSF	Fail-safe	Enter Fail-safe menu
FL5 #	Fail-safe 1	Set relay 1 (*through 8) fail- safe operation
٥٥	On	Enable fail-safe operation
oFF	Off	Disable fail-safe operation
4EL RY	Delay	Enter relay <i>Time Delay</i> menu
	Delay 1	Enter relay 1 time delay setup
On 1	On 1	Set relay 1 On time delay
OFF 1	Off 1	Set relay 1 Off time delay
GLA 5	Delay 2	Enter relays 2-4 time delay setup

Display	Parameter	Action/Setting Description
brERH	Loop break	Set relay condition if loop break detected
:GnarE	Ignore	Ignore loop break condition (Processed as a low signal condition)
<u> </u>	On	Relay goes to alarm condition when loop break detected
OFF	Off	Relay goes to non-alarm condition when loop break detected
Rout	Analog output	Enter the <i>Analog output</i> scaling menu
80ut 19	*Aout channel	Analog Output source channel (*1-3)
d 15 1	Display 1	Program display 1 value
Out 1	Output 1	Program output 1 value (e.g. 4.000 mA)
q ·2 S	Display 2	Program display 2 value
Out 2	Output 2	Program output 2 value (e.g. 20.000 mA)
rESEŁ	Reset	Press Enter to access the Reset menu
r5£ H;	Reset high	Press Enter to reset max display
r5t Lo	Reset low	Press Enter to reset min display
r5t HL	Reset high & low	Press Enter to reset max & min displays
r5t tr	Reset tare	Press Enter to reset (cancel) tare
Contrl	Control	Enter Control menu
Ruto	Automatic	Press Enter to set meter for automatic operation
nn An	Manual	Press Enter to manually control relays or analog output operation
PRSS	Password	Enter the <i>Password</i> menu
PR55 I*	Password 1*	Set or enter Password 1 (*through 3)
unLoc	Unlocked	Program password to lock meter
Locd	Locked	Enter password to unlock meter
999999 -99999	Flashing	Over/under range condition

#### Main Menu

The main menu consists of the most commonly used functions: Reset, Control, Setup, and Password.

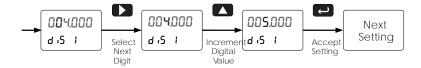
- Press Menu button to enter Programming Mode then press the Up arrow button to scroll main menu.
- Press Menu, at any time, to exit and return to Run Mode. Changes made to settings prior to pressing Enter are not saved.
- Changes to the settings are saved to memory only after pressing Enter.
- The display moves to the next menu every time a setting is accepted by pressing Enter.



# **Setting Numeric Values**

The numeric values are set using the Right and Up arrow buttons. Press Right arrow to select next digit and Up arrow to increment digit value. The digit being changed is displayed brighter than the rest. Press and hold Up to auto-increment the display value. If negative numbers are allowed, the first digit position will include a negative symbol (-) after the 9.

Press the Enter button, at any time, to accept a setting or Menu button to exit without saving changes.

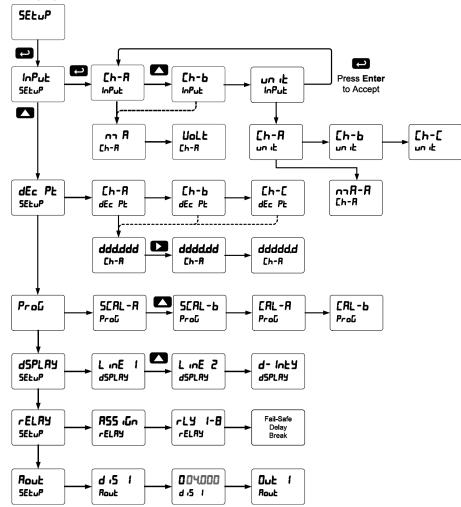


# Setting Up the Meter (5ELuP)

The Setup menu is used to select:

- 1. Input signal the meter will accept for channel A and channel B
- 2. Units for A, B, and C
- 3. Decimal point position for A, B, and C
- Program the meter using the Scale or Calibrate functions
- 5. Display parameter and intensity
- Relay assignment and operation
- 7. 4-20 mA analog output scaling

Press the Menu button to exit at any time.



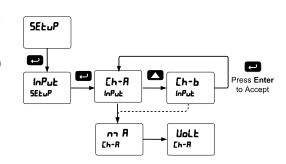
# Setting the Input Signal ( InPut)

Enter the *Input* menu to set up the meter to display current (an R) or voltage (UoLE) inputs for channel A and channel B.

The current input is capable of accepting any signal from 0 to 20 mA. Select current input to accept 0-20 mA or 4-20 mA signals.

The voltage input is capable of accepting any signal from - 10 to +10 VDC. Select voltage input to accept 0-5, 1-5, 0-10, or  $\pm 10$  VDC signals.

Channel C is the Math Function calculation, which is set up in the Advanced Features menu.



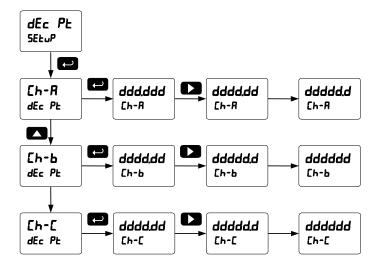
#### Setting the Decimal Point (dEc PL)

The decimal point may be set with up to five decimal places or with no decimal point at all.

Pressing the Right arrow moves the decimal point one place to the right until no decimal point is displayed, and then it moves to the leftmost position.

There are three decimal points to set up for three channels: Ch-A, Ch-B, and Ch-C.

After the decimal points are set up, the meter moves to the *Program* menu.



#### Programming the Meter (Proนี)

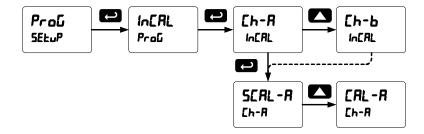
It is very important to read the following information, before proceeding to program the meter:

- The meter is factory calibrated prior to shipment to read in milliamps and volts depending on the input selection. The calibration equipment is traceable to NIST standards.
- Use the Scale menu to scale the process input (e.g. 4-20 mA). A calibrated signal source is not needed to scale the meter.
- Use the *Calibrate* menu to apply a signal from a calibrator or a flowmeter.

The *Program* menu contains the *Scale* and the *Calibrate* menus for channels A & B.

The process inputs may be calibrated or scaled to any display value within the range of the meter.

Note: The Scale and Calibrate functions are exclusive of each other. The meter uses the last function programmed. Only one of these methods can be employed at a time. The Scale and Calibrate functions can use up to 32 points (default is 2). The number of points should be set in the Advanced Menu under the menu selection prior to scaling and calibration of the meter, see page 51 for details.



#### Multi-Point Linearization (L mERr)

The process inputs may be calibrated or scaled to any display value within the range of the meter. The meter is set up at the factory for 2-point linear calibration.

Up to 32 linearization points may be selected. See page 51 for details.

#### MeterView® Pro Software

The meter can also be programmed using the PC-based MeterView Pro software available for free download at www.predig.com.

Data logging for one meter at the time is available with MeterView Pro software. More advanced data acquisition may be accomplished by using any Modbus RTU compliant software.

In order to program the meter using a computer, the meter must be connected using a USB, RS-232, or RS-485 serial adapter, see

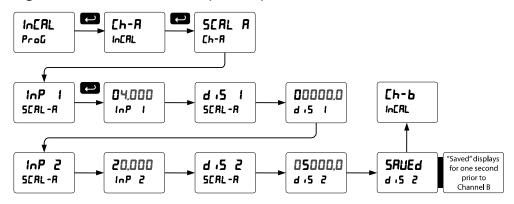
Ordering Information on page 5 for details.

#### Scaling the Meter without a Signal Source

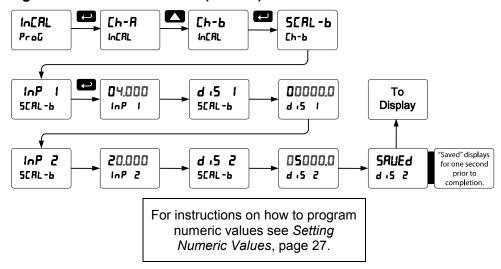
The process inputs (4-20 mA,  $\pm 10$  VDC) can be scaled to display the process variables in engineering units

A signal source is not needed to scale the meter; simply program the inputs and corresponding display values.

#### Scaling the Meter for Channel A (5ERL-R)



#### Scaling the Meter for Channel B (5ERL-b)



#### Error Message (Error)

An error message indicates that the calibration or scaling process was not successful.

After the error message is displayed, the meter reverts to input 2 during calibration or scaling and to input 1 during internal calibration, allowing the appropriate input signal to be applied or programmed.

The error message might be caused by any of the following conditions:

- Input signal is not connected to the proper terminals or it is connected backwards.
- Wrong signal selection in Setup menu.
- 3. Minimum input span requirements not maintained.
- 4. Input 1 signal inadvertently applied to calibrate input 2.

#### **Minimum Input Span**

The minimum input span is the minimum difference between input 1 and input 2 signals required to complete the calibration or scaling of the meter.

Input Range	Input 1 & Input 2 Span
4-20 mA	0.15 mA
±10 VDC	0.01 VDC

#### Calibrating the Meter with External Source

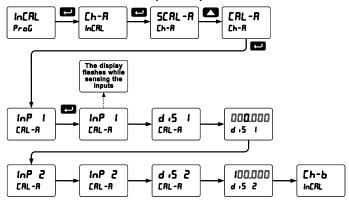
To scale the meter without a signal source, refer to Scaling the Meter without a Signal Source, page 30.

Warm up the meter for at least 15 minutes before performing calibration to ensure specified accuracy.

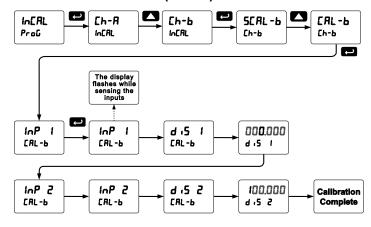
The meter can be calibrated to display the process variable in engineering units by applying the appropriate input signal and following the calibration procedure.

The use of a calibrated signal source is strongly recommended to calibrate the meter.

#### Calibrating the Meter for Channel A (ERL-R)



#### Calibrating the Meter for Channel B (ERL-b)





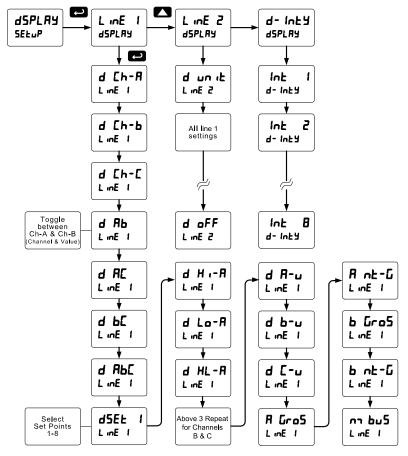
#### Setting the Display Parameter & Intensity (d5PLRY)

Display line 1 can be programmed to display:

- 1. Process value Ch-A
- 2. Process value Ch-B
- Process value Ch-C
- 4. Toggle between Ch-A & Ch-B, Ch-A & Ch-C, Ch-B & Ch-C, and Ch-A, Ch-B, & Ch-C
- 5. Relay set points
- 6. Max & min values for each channel
- Toggle between Channel & units
- 8. Channel gross value (no tare) or toggle net (tare) and gross values
- 9. Modbus input

Display line 2 can be programmed to display:

- 1. Process value Ch-A
- 2. Process value Ch-B
- 3. Process value Ch-C
- Toggle between Ch-A & Ch-B, Ch-A & Ch-C, Ch-B & Ch-C, and Ch-A, Ch-B, & Ch-C
- 5. Relay set points
- 6. Max & min values for each channel
- Toggle between Channel & units
- 8. Channel gross value (no tare) or toggle net (tare) and gross values
- 9. Modbus input
- 10. Off (no display)
- 11. Engineering units or custom legends



**Display Intensity:** The meter has eight display intensity levels to give the best performance under various lighting conditions. Select intensity 8 for outdoor applications. The default intensity setting is 8.

After setting up the input and display, press the Menu button to exit programming and skip the rest of the setup menu.

The displays can be set up to read channels A, B, or C, toggle between A & B, B & C, A & C, A & B & C, toggle between channels A, B, or C & units, the max/min of any of the channels, including the math channel (C), set points, gross (without tare) or net (with tare) & gross values of channel A or B, or the Modbus input. In addition to the parameters available on the Upper display, the Lower display can display Engineering units or it could be turned off.

#### Setting the Input Units or Custom Tags (un 125)

Enter the input unit or custom tag that will be displayed if alternating process input and units is selected in the un  $\iota$ 5 menu, or d un  $\iota$ 6 is selected as the lower display parameter. See the flow chart on page 32 to access the display menu to show the unit or tag on the lower display. The engineering units or custom legends can be set using the following 7-segment character set:

Display	Character
Û	0
1	1
٦	2
2 3 4 5	3
<b>3</b> -	4
5	5
Б	6
۲	7
8	8
9	9
R	Α
h	b

ionowning	1-3egillelit c
Display	Character
	С
۵	С
д Е Р	d
Ε	Е
۶	F
5	G
9	g
X	Н
ት	h
1	I
1	i
7	J

Display	Character
X	K
	L
חח	m
C	n
CJ	0
o	0
P	Р
٥٠	q
٦	r
<u>5</u>	S
Ł	t
u	u

Display	Character
u	V
ר ח	W
X	Х
ሃ	Υ
2	Z
-	-
لم	1
[	]
]	[
:	=
0	Degree(<)
	Space

Notes: Degree symbol represented by (<) if programming with MeterView® Pro. The letters "m" and "w" use two 7-segment LEDs each; when selected the characters to the right are shifted one position.

Press and hold up arrow to auto-scroll the characters in the display.

www.itn.com

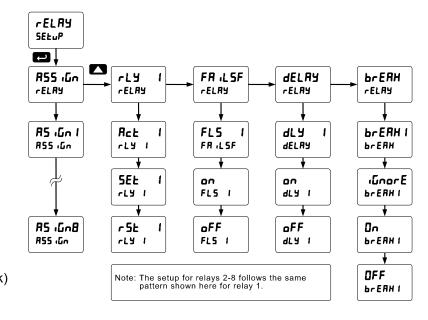
# Setting the Relay Operation (rELRY)

This menu is used to set up the assignment and operation of the relays.

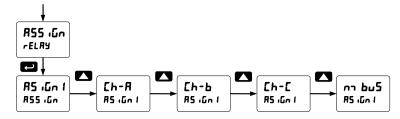


During setup, the relays do not follow the input and they will remain in the state found prior to entering the Relay menu.

- 1. Relay assignment
  - a. Channel A
  - b. Channel B
  - c. Channel C (Math channel)
  - d. Modbus
- 2. Relay action
  - a. Automatic reset only (non-latching)
  - b. Automatic + manual reset at any time (non-latching)
  - c. Latching (manual reset only)
  - d. Latching with Clear (manual reset only after alarm condition has cleared)
  - e. Pump alternation control (automatic reset only)
  - f. Sampling (the relay is activated for a userspecified time)
  - g. Off (relay state controlled by Interlock feature)
- 3. Set point
- 4. Reset point
- 5. Fail-safe operation
  - a. On (enabled)
  - b. Off (disabled)
- 6. Time delay
  - a. On delay (0-999.9 seconds)
  - b. Off delay (0-999.9 seconds)
- Relay action for loss (break) of 4-20 mA input (ignore, on, off)



# Setting the Relay Assignment (ศิริร เน็ก)



From

Relay 1

Menu

Rct 1

rLY 1

#### **Setting the Relay Action**

Operation of the relays is programmed in the *Action* menu. The relays may be set up for any of the following modes of operation:

- 1. Automatic reset (non-latching)
- 2. Automatic + manual reset at any time (non-latching)
- 3. Latching (manual reset only, at any time)
- 4. Latching with Clear (manual reset only after alarm condition has cleared)
- 5. Pump alternation control (automatic reset only)
- 6. Sampling (the relay is activated for a user-specified time)
- 7. Off (relay state controlled by Interlock feature)

The following graphic shows relay 1 action setup; relay 2-4 are set up in a similar fashion.

# A-nn An Rct | LAteH Rct | Lt-Elr Rct | Altern Rct | FAnn PL Rct | off Rct |

Ruto

Rct 1

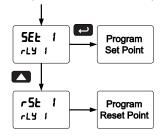
#### **Programming Set and Reset Points**

High alarm indication: program set point above reset point.

Low alarm indication: program set point below reset point.

The deadband is determined by the difference between set and reset points. Minimum deadband is one display count. If the set and reset points are programmed with the same value, the relay will reset one count below the set point.

Note: Changes are not saved until the reset point has been accepted.



#### **Setting Fail-Safe Operation**

In fail-safe mode of operation, the relay coil is energized when the process variable is within safe limits and the relay coil is de-energized when the alarm condition exists. The fail-safe operation is set independently for each relay. Select **on** to enable or select **oFF** to disable fail-safe operation.

#### **Programming Time Delay**

The *On* and *Off* time delays may be programmed for each relay between 0 and 999.9 seconds. The relays will transfer only after the condition has been maintained for the corresponding time delay.

The On time delay is associated with the set point.

The Off time delay is associated with the reset point.

#### Relay Action for Loss of 4-20 mA Input (Loop Break)

The loop break feature is associated with the 4-20 mA input. Each relay may be programmed to go to one of the following conditions when the meter detects the loss of the input signal (i.e. < 0.005 mA):

- 1. Turn On (Go to alarm condition)
- 2. Turn Off (Go to non-alarm condition)
- 3. Ignore (Processed as a low signal condition)

Note: This is not a true loop break condition; if the signal drops below 0.005 mA, it is interpreted as a "loop break" condition.

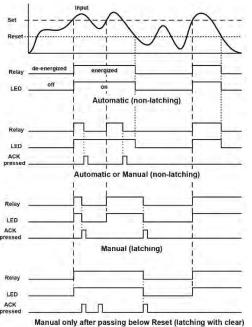




# **Relay and Alarm Operation Diagrams**

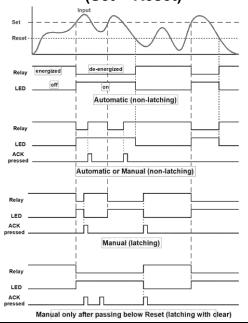
The following graphs illustrate the operation of the relays, status LEDs, and ACK button.

#### **High Alarm Operation (Set > Reset)**



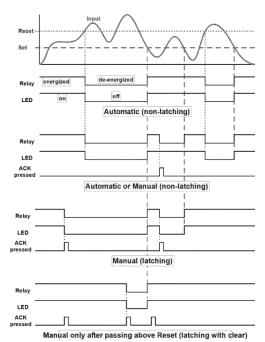
For Manual reset mode, ACK can be pressed anytime to turn "off" relay. To detect a new alarm condition, the signal must go below the set point, and then go above it.

# High Alarm with Fail-Safe Operation (Set > Reset)



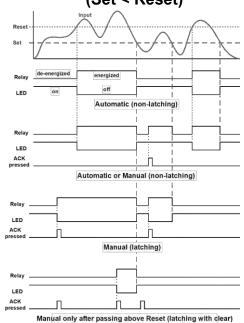
Note: Relay coil is energized in non-alarm condition. In case of power failure, relay will go to alarm state.

#### Low Alarm Operation (Set < Reset)



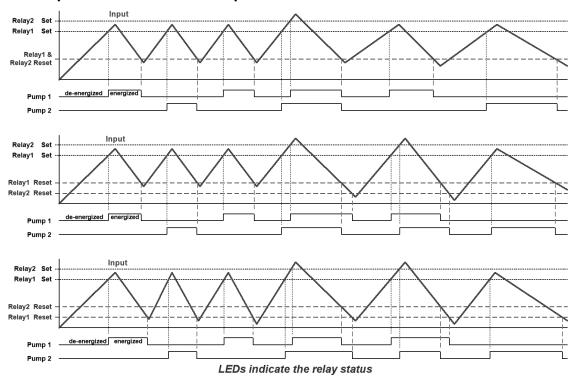
For Manual reset mode, ACK can be pressed anytime to turn "off" relay. For relay to turn back "on", signal must go above set point, and then go below it.

# Low Alarm with Fail-Safe Operation (Set < Reset)

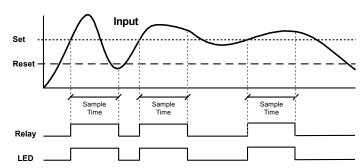


Note: Relay coil is energized in non-alarm condition. In case of power failure, relay will go to alarm state.

## **Pump Alternation Control Operation**



## **Relay Sampling Operation**

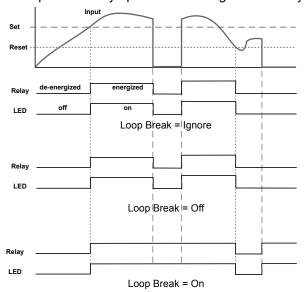


When the signal crosses the set point, the relay trips and the sample time starts. After the sample time has elapsed, the relay resets. The cycle repeats every time the set point is crossed, going up for high alarms and going down for low alarms.

The sample time can be programmed between 0.1 and 5999.9 seconds.

## Signal Loss or Loop Break Relay Operation

The following graph shows the loop break relay operation for a high alarm relay.

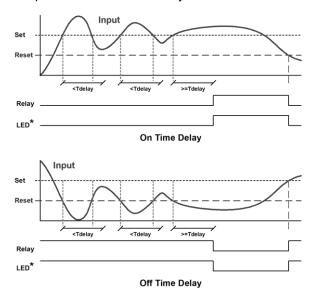


When the meter detects a break in the 4-20 mA loop, the relay will go to one of the following selected actions:

- 1. Turn On (Go to alarm condition)
- 2. Turn Off (Go to non-alarm condition)
- 3. Ignore (Processed as a low signal condition)

## **Time Delay Operation**

The following graphs show the operation of the time delay function.



When the signal crosses the set point, the *On* time delay timer starts and the relay trips when the time delay has elapsed. If the signal drops below the set point (high alarm) before the time delay has elapsed, the *On* time delay timer resets and the relay does not change state. The same principle applies to the *Off* time delay.

Note: If "Automatic or Manual (R-n-Rn)" reset mode is selected, the LED follows the reset point and not the relay state when the relay is acknowledged.

## **Relay Operation Details**

#### Overview

The relay capabilities of the meter expand its usefulness beyond simple indication to provide users with alarm and control functions. These capabilities include front panel alarm status LEDs as well as either 2 or 4 optional internal relays. Typical applications include high or low temperature, level, pressure or flow alarms, control applications such as simple on/off pump control, and pump alternation control for up to 4 pumps. There are four basic ways the relays can be used:

- 1. High or Low Alarms with Latching or Non-Latching Relays
- 2. Simple On/Off Control with 100% Adjustable Deadband
- 3. Sampling (Based on Time)
- 4. Pump Alternation Control for up to 4 Pumps

## **Relays Auto Initialization**

When power is applied to the meter, the front panel LEDs and alarm relays will reflect the state of the input to the meter. The following table indicates how the alarm LEDs and relays will react on power-up based on the set and reset points:

Alarm #	HI or LO Alarm	Set Point	Reset Point	Power-Up Reading	Relay & LED
1	HI	1000	500	499	Off
2	LO	700	900	499	On
3	LO	250	400	499	Off
4	HI	450	200	499	On

## **Fail-Safe Operation**

The following table indicates how the relays behave based on the fail-safe selection for each relay:

Fail-Safe	Non-Ala	rm State	Alarm State		Power Failure
Selection	NO	NC	NO	NC	
Off	Open	Closed	Closed	Open	Relays go to non-alarm state
On	Closed	Open	Open	Closed	Relays go to alarm state

Note: NO = Normally Open, NC = Normally Closed. This refers to the condition of the relay contacts when the power to the meter is off.

#### Front Panel LEDs

The LEDs on the front panel provide status indication for the following:

The meter is supplied with four alarm points that include front panel LEDs to indicate alarm conditions. This standard feature is particularly useful for alarm applications that require visual-only indication. The LEDs are controlled by the set and reset

LED	Status
1	Alarm 1
2	Alarm 2
3	Alarm 3
4	Alarm 4

LED	Status
5	Alarm 5
6	Alarm 6
7	Alarm 7
8	Alarm 8

points programmed by the user. When the display reaches a set point for a high or low alarm, the corresponding alarm LED will turn on. When the display returns to the reset point the LED will go off. The front panel LEDs responds differently for latching and non-latching relays.

For non-latching relays, the LED is always off during normal condition and always on during alarm condition, regardless of the state of the relay (e.g. Relay acknowledged after alarm condition).

For latching relays, the alarm LEDs reflects the status of the relays, regardless of the alarm condition. The following tables illustrate how the alarm LEDs function in relation to the relays and the acknowledge button (Default: F3 key assigned to ACK):

## **Latching and Non-Latching Relay Operation**

The relays can be set up for latching (manual reset) or non-latching (automatic reset) operation.

The On and Off terminology does not refer to the status of the relay's coil, which depends on the fail-safe mode selected.

Relay terminology for following tables				
Terminology	Relay Condition			
On	Alarm (Tripped)			
Off	Normal (Reset)			
Ack	Acknowledged			



In latching relay mode, latched relays will reset (unlatch) when power is cycled.

## Non-Latching Relay (Ruto)

In this application, the meter is set up for automatic reset (non-latching relay). Acknowledging the alarm while it is still present has no effect on either the LED or the relay. When the alarm finally goes away, the relay automatically resets and the LED also goes off.

Automatic reset only					
Condition	LED	Relay			
Normal	Off	Off			
Alarm	On	On			
Ack (No effect)	On	On			
Normal	Off	Off			

# Non-Latching Relay (R-nn Rn)

In this application, the meter is set up for automatic and manual reset at any time (non-latching relay). The LED and the relay automatically reset when the meter returns to the normal condition.

The next time an alarm occurs, the operator acknowledges the alarm manually while the alarm condition still exists. This causes the relay to reset, but the LED stays on until the meter returns to the normal condition.

Automatic + manual reset at any time				
Condition	LED	Relay		
Normal	Off	Off		
Alarm	On	On		
Normal	Off	Off		
Next Alarm	On	On		
Ack	On	Off		
Normal	Off	Off		

# Latching Relay (LALcH)

In this application, the meter is set up for manual reset at any time. Acknowledging the alarm even if the alarm condition is still present resets the relay and turns off the LED.

Manual reset any time				
Condition	LED	Relay		
Normal	Off	Off		
Alarm	On	On		
Ack	Off	Off		

## Latching Relay (Lt-[Lr)

In this application, the meter is set up for manual reset only after the signal passes the reset point (alarm condition has cleared). Acknowledging the alarm while it is still present has no effect on either the LED or the relay. When the alarm is acknowledged after it returns to the normal state, the LED and the relay go off. Notice that the LED remains on, even after the meter returns to the normal condition. This is because, for latching relays, the alarm LED reflects the status of the relay, regardless of the alarm condition.

Manual reset only after alarm condition has cleared					
Condition	LED	Relay			
Normal	Off	Off			
Alarm	On	On			
Ack (No effect) On On					
Normal	On	On			
Ack	Off	Off			

## **Acknowledging Relays**

There are two ways to acknowledge relays programmed for manual reset:

- Via the programmable front panel function keys F1-F3 (Default: F3 assigned to ACK).
- 2. Remotely via a normally open pushbutton wired across one of the digital inputs and the +5 V terminals on the digital I/O modules, or using the F4 digital input, which is triggered with a contact closure to COM, or with an active low signal (see page 20).

When the ACK button or the assigned digital input is closed, all relays programmed for manual reset are acknowledged.

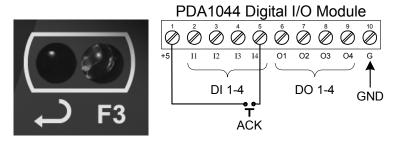


Figure 19. Acknowledge Relays w/Function Key or Digital Input

## Pump Alternation Control Applications (RLEErn)

For pump control applications where two or more similar pumps are used to control the level of a tank or a well, it is desirable to have all the pumps operate alternately. This prevents excessive wear and overheating of one pump over the lack of use of the other pumps.

Up to 4 relays can be set up to alternate every time an on/off pump cycle is completed. The set points and reset points can be programmed, so that the first pump on is the first pump off.

## Application #1: Pump Alternation Using Relays 1 & 2

- 1. Relays 1 and 2 are set up for pump alternation.
- 2. Relays 3 and 4 are set up for low and high alarm indication.

#### Set and Reset Point Programming with Pump Alternation

Relay	Set Point	Reset Point	Function
1	30.000	10.000	Controls pump 1 & 2
2	35.000	5.000	Sets dual pump trigger
3	4.000	9.000	Controls low alarm
4	40.000	29.000	Controls high alarm

## **Pump Alternation Operation**

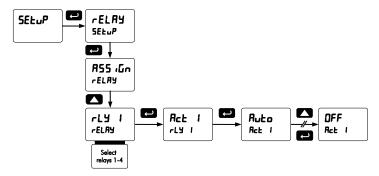
- 1. Pump #1 turns on when level reaches 30.000, when level drops below 10.000 pump #1 turns off.
- 2. The next time level reaches 30.000, pump #2 turns on, when level drops below 10.000, pump #2 turns off.
- 3. If the level doesn't reach 35.000 pump #1 and pump #2 will be operating alternately.
- 4. If pump #1 cannot keep the level below 35.000 pump #2 will turn on at 35.000, then as the level drops to 10.000 pump #1 turns off, pump #2 is still running and shuts off below 5.000.
- 5. Notice that with the set and reset points of pump #2 outside the range of pump #1, the first pump on is the first pump to go off. This is true for up to 4 alternating pumps, if setup accordingly.
- 6. Relay #3 will go into alarm if the level drops below 4.000 and relay #4 will go into alarm if the level exceeds 40.000.



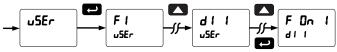
## Setting Up the Interlock Relay (Force On) Feature

Relays 1-4 can be set up as interlock relays. To set up the relays for the interlock feature:

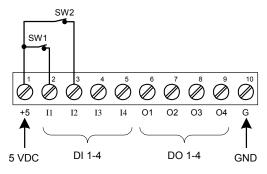
1. Access the Setup – Relay – Action menu and set the action to off.



2. In the Advanced features – *User* menu program any of the digital inputs to *Force On* any of the internal relays (1-4).



3. Connect a switch or dry contact between the +5V terminal and the corresponding digital input (dI-1 to dI-4) terminal.



#### **Interlock Relay Operation Example**

Relays 1 & 2 are configured to energize (their front panel LEDs are off) when SW1 & SW2 switches (above) are closed. If the contacts to these digital inputs are opened, the corresponding front panel LEDs flash, indicating this condition. The processes being controlled by the interlock relay will stop, and will restart only after the interlock relay is re-activated by the digital inputs (switches).

Note: If multiple digital inputs are assigned to the same relay, then the corresponding logic is (AND) - i.e. both switches must be closed to trip the relay.

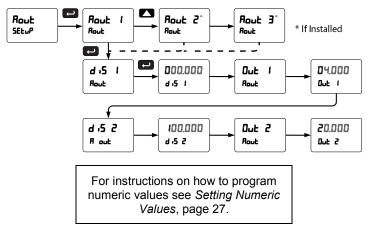


## Scaling the 4-20 mA Analog Output (Rout)

The 4-20 mA analog outputs can be scaled to provide a 4-20 mA signal for any display range selected. To select the channel and source assignments the analog outputs are assigned to, see *Analog Output Source* on page 53.

No equipment is needed to scale the analog outputs; simply program the display values to the corresponding mA output signal.

The Analog Output menu is used to program the 4-20 mA outputs based on display values.

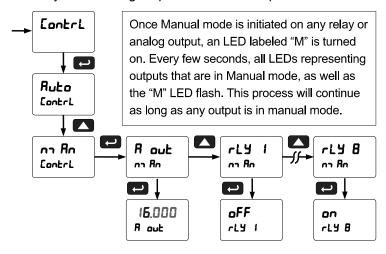


## Reset Menu (rE5EŁ)

The *Reset* menu is used to reset the maximum or minimum reading (peak or valley) reached by the process; both may be reset at the same time by selecting "reset high & low" (r5t HL). The tare value used to zero the display may be reset by selecting "reset tare" (r5t tr).

# Control Menu (Control)

The *Control* menu is used to control the 4-20 mA analog output and the relays manually, ignoring the input. Each relay and analog output can be programmed independently for manual control. Selecting automatic control sets all relays and analog output for automatic operation.



# Setting Up the Password (PR55)

The *Password* menu is used for programming three levels of security to prevent unauthorized changes to the programmed parameter settings.

Pass 1: Allows use of function keys and digital inputs

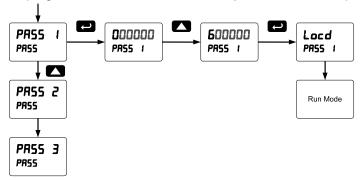
Pass 2: Allows use of function keys, digital inputs and editing set/reset points

Pass 3: Restricts all programming, function keys, and digital inputs.

## **Protecting or Locking the Meter**

Enter the Password menu and program a six-digit password.

For instructions on how to program numeric values see Setting Numeric Values, page 27.



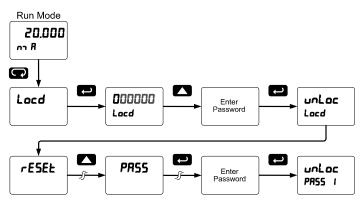
## Making Changes to a Password Protected Meter

If the meter is password protected, the meter will display the message Locd (Locked) when the Menu button is pressed. Press the Enter button while the message is being displayed and enter the correct password to gain access to the menu. After exiting the programming mode, the meter returns to its password protected condition.

# **Disabling Password Protection**

To disable the password protection, access the *Password* menu and enter the correct password twice, as shown below. The meter is now unprotected until a new password is entered.

If the correct six-digit password is entered, the meter displays the message unlac (Unlocked) and the protection is disabled until a new password is programmed. If the password entered is incorrect, the meter displays the message Locd (Locked) for about two seconds, and then it returns to Run Mode. To try again, press Enter while the Locked message is displayed.



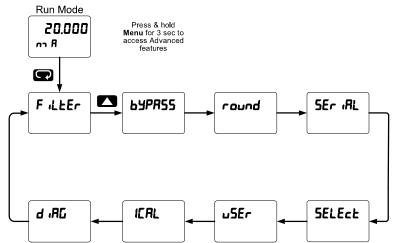
#### Did you forget the password?

The password may be disabled by entering a master password once. If you are authorized to make changes, enter the master password 508655 to unlock the meter.

## **Advanced Features Menu**

To simplify the setup process, functions not needed for most applications are located in the *Advanced Features* menu.

Press and hold the Menu button for three seconds to access the advanced features of the meter.



## **Advanced Features Menu & Display Messages**

The following table shows the functions and messages of the *Advanced Features* menu in the order they appear in the menu.

Display	Parameter	Action/Setting	Display	Parameter	Action/Setting
filtEr	Filter	Set noise filter value	Functn	Signal input	Select linear, square root, programmable exponent, or round horizontal tank
Ch-A	Channel A	Set filter value for channel A		conditioning	
Ch-b	Channel B	Set filter value for channel B	Ch-A	Channel A	Select menu for channel A
bypASs	Bypass	Set filter bypass value	Ch-b	Channel B	Select menu for channel B
Ch-A	Channel A	Set filter bypass value for channel A	Linear	Linear	Set meter for linear function and select number of
Ch-b	Channel B	Set filter bypass value for channel B		N	linearization points
Round	Round	Set the rounding value for display variables	No pts	Number of points	Set the number of linearization points (default: 2)
seriAl	Serial	Set serial communication parameters	Square	Square root	Set meter for square root extraction
SlaveId	Slave ID	Set slave ID or meter address	Prog E	Programma ble	Set meter for programmable exponent and enter
Baud	Baud rate	Select baud rate		exponent	exponent value
Tr dLY	Transmit delay	Set transmit delay for serial communication	Rht	Round horizontal tank	Set meter for round horizontal tank volume calculation
Parity	Parity	Select parity Even, Odd, or None with 1 or 2 stop bits	Length	Length	Enter the tank's length in inches
t-byt	Time byte	Set byte-to-byte timeout	dianmr	Diameter	Enter the tank's diameter in inches
SelEct	Select	Enter the Select menu (function, cutoff, out)	nmath	Math	Enter the setup menu for channel C math functions
		•	Sunm	Sum	Channel C = (A+B+P)*F
			Dif	Difference	Channel C = (A-B+P)*F

# ProtEX-MAX PD8-6060 Explosion-Proof Dual-Input Meter Instruction Manual

Display	Parameter	Action/Setting	Display	Parameter	Action/Setting
difabs	Absolute difference	Channel C = ((Absolute value of (A-B))+P)*F	nmin	Minimum	Program minimum mA output allowed
Avg	Average	Channel C = (((A+B)/2)+P)*F	Calib	Calibrate	Calibrate 4-20 mA output (internal reference source
nmulti	Multiplicatio	Channel C = $((A*B)+P)*F$	4 nmA	1 mA output	used for scaling the output)
Divide	n Divide	Channel C = ((A/B)+P)*F	4 IIIIA	4 mA output	Enter mA output value read by milliamp meter with at
Hi-ab	Max of A or	C = ((High value of channel			least 0.001 mA resolution
Lo-ab	Min of A or	A or B)+P)*F  C = ((Low value of channel	20 nmA	20 mA output	Enter mA output value read by milliamp meter with at least 0.001 mA resolution
LU-au	B	A or B)+P)*F	. User	User I/O	Assign function keys and
Drauw	Draw	Channel C = ((A/B)-1)*F	. OSCI	0001 # 0	digital I/O
uwAvg	Weighted avg.	Channel C = $((B-A)*F)+A$	F1*	F1* function key	Assign F1 function key (*F1/F2/F3)
ratio	Ratio	Channel C = (A/B)*F	F4	F4 function	Assign F4 function (digital
Ratio2	Ratio 2	C = ((B-A)/A)+P)*F	. JTT	Digital ignut	input)
Concen	Concentrati on	Channel C = $(A/(A+B))*F$	dII	Digital input	Assign digital input 1 – 4
Const	Constant	Constant used in channel C math	d0 1	Digital output 1	Assign digital output 1 – 4
adder	Adder	Addition constant used in channel C math calculations (P)	ICal	Internal calibration	Enter internal calibration (used for recalibrating the meter with a calibrated signal source)
factor	Factor	Multiplication constant used in channel C math calculations (F)	Ch-A	Channel A	Perform calibration on channel A
CutofF	Cutoff	Set low-flow cutoff	Ch-b	Channel B	Perform calibration on channel B
Ch-A	Channel A	Set low-flow cutoff for Channel A	C CAL	Current calibration	Calibrate 4-20 mA current input (internal reference
Ch-b	Channel B	Set low-flow cutoff for Channel B			source used for scaling the input)
AoutPr	Analog output	Program analog output parameters	C lo	Current low	Calibrate low current input (e.g. 4 mA)
	programmin g		C Hi	Current high	Calibrate high current input (e.g. 20 mA)
AOut 1*	Analog output 1	Program analog output 1 (*1-3) parameters	v CAL	Voltage calibration	Calibrate voltage input
Source	Source	Select source for the 4-20 mA output	v Lo	Voltage low	Calibrate low voltage input (e.g. 0 V)
brEAH	Loop break	Set relay condition if loop break detected	v Hi	Voltage high	Calibrate high voltage input (e.g. 10 V)
0-rang	Overrange	Program mA output for display overrange	Diag	Diagnostics	Display parameter settings
II-rana	Underrange		LEd F	LED test	Test all LEDs
u-rang	Underrange	Program mA output for display underrange	InFo	Information	Display software and S/N information
nmAx	Maximum	Program maximum mA output allowed			



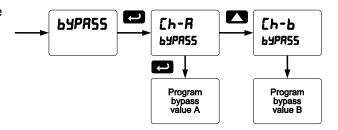
## Noise Filter (F LLEr)

The noise filter is available for unusually noisy signals that cause an unstable process variable display. The noise filter averages the input signal over a certain period. The filter level determines the length of time over which the signal is averaged. The filter level can be set between 2 and 199. The higher the filter level, the longer the averaging time and so the longer it takes the display to settle to its final value. Setting the filter level to zero disables the filter function.

# Filter Ch-B Filter Program filter value A Program filter value B

## Noise Filter Bypass (bypass)

The noise filter bypass changes the behavior of the meter so that small variations in the signal are filtered out but large abrupt changes in the input signal are displayed immediately. The bypass value determines the minimum amount of signal change to be displayed immediately. All signal changes smaller than the bypass value are filtered or averaged by the meter. The noise filter bypass may be set between 0.1 and 99.9% of full scale.



## Rounding Feature (round)

The rounding feature is used to give the user a steadier display with fluctuating signals. Rounding is used in addition to the filter function.

Rounding causes the display to round to the nearest value according to the rounding selected. This setting affects the last two digits, regardless of decimal point position.

## Modbus RTU Serial Communications (5Er IRL)

The meter is equipped with serial communications capability as a standard feature using Modbus RTU Serial Communication Protocol.

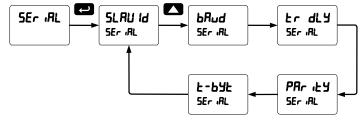
The meter may be connected to a PC for initial configuration via the onboard micro USB connection. For ongoing digital communications with a computer or other data terminal equipment, an RS-232, or RS-485 option is required; see *Ordering Information* on page 5 for details.



Do not connect any equipment other than Precision Digital's expansion modules, cables, or meters to the RJ45 M-LINK connector. Otherwise damage will occur to the equipment and the meter.

Note: More detailed instructions are provided with each optional serial communications adapter.

Note: Refer to the ProVu® Modbus Register Tables located at www.predig.com for details.



When using more than one meter in a multi-drop mode, each meter must be provided with its own unique address. The meter address (Slave ID) may be programmed between 1 and 247. The transmit delay may be set between 0 and 199 ms. The parity can be set to even, odd, or none with 1 or 2 stop bits.

Changes made to the Serial menu are initialized after the MENU key is pressed or after navigating through the t-byte parameter.



#### **Serial Communications Overview**

RS-232 and RS-485 are standard interfaces approved by the Electronic Industries Alliance (EIA) for connecting serial devices. In EIA terms, the device (e.g. meter) that connects to the interface is called a Data Communications Equipment (DCE) and the device to which it connects (e.g. the computer) is called a Data Terminal Equipment (DTE).

RS-485 can support multi-point connections per line because it uses lower-impedance drivers and receivers.

Line drivers and receivers are used to exchange data between two or more points (nodes) on a serial communications network. Reliable data communications can be difficult in the presence of induced noise, ground level differences, and other hazards associated with installation of a network. When communicating at high data rates, or over long distances in real world environments, RS-232 is often inadequate. The differential data transmission of RS-485 offers superior performance in most applications. Differential signals can help nullify the effects of ground shifts and induced noise signals that can appear as common mode voltages on a network.

A multi-point network consists of multiple drivers and receivers connected on a single bus, where any point (node) can transmit and/or receive data. RS-485 allows multiple drivers and receivers on the same two-wire or four-wire system. The RS-485 standard specifies up to 32 drivers and 32 receivers on a single bus, but with the introduction of "automatic" repeaters and high-impedance drivers/receivers, this number can be extended to hundreds of points (nodes) on a network.

The cabling used for an RS-485 serial communications network should always be a high quality cable such as Belden 8162 or Alpha 6203C. A two-wire system requires two twisted pairs, and a four-wire system requires three twisted pairs (the extra twisted pair is needed for the signal ground).

Figure 20 illustrates how to connect a general four-wire network (a four-wire network actually contains 5 wires).

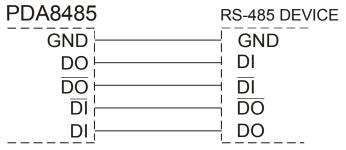


Figure 20: General Four-Wire Network Connection

Figure 21 illustrates how to connect a general two-wire network (a two-wire network actually contains 3 wires). Note that the PDA7485 and PDA8485 have DIP switches that allow for two-wire connections without the need to externally wire the DO to the DI and the /DO to the /DI (see the converter section for complete details).

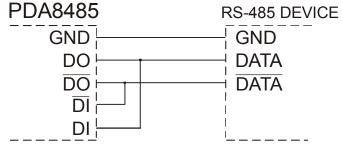
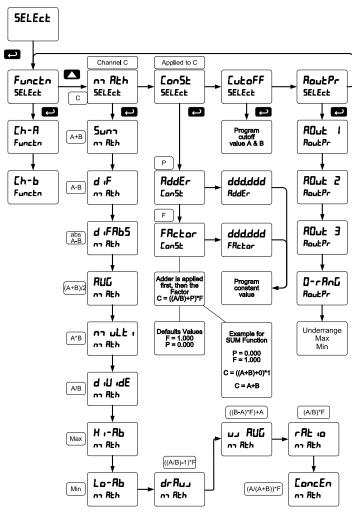


Figure 21: General Two-Wire Network Connection

## Select Menu (5ELEct)

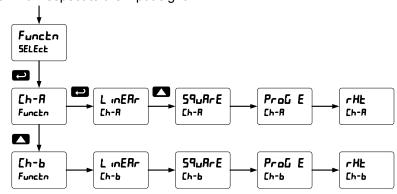
The Select menu is used to select the signal input conditioning function applied to the inputs (linear, square root, programmable exponent, or round horizontal tank), math function for A & B, constants, low-flow cutoff, and analog output programming. Multi-point linearization is part of the linear function selection.



## Signal Input Conditioning (Functo)

The *Function* menu is used to select the input-to-output transfer function applied to the input signal: linear, square root, programmable exponent, or round horizontal tank volume calculation. Multi-point linearization is part of the linear function selection.

Meters are set up at the factory for linear function with 2-point linearization. The linear function provides a display that is linear with respect to the input signal.



## Square Root Linearization (59uRrE)

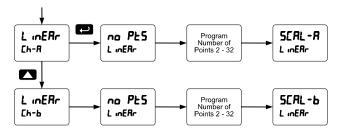
The square root function is used to calculate flow measured with a differential pressure transmitter. The flow rate is proportional to the square root of the differential pressure. Scale the meter so that the low input signal (e.g. 4 mA) is equal to zero flow and the high input signal (e.g. 20 mA) is equal to the maximum flow.

## Programmable Exponent Linearization (Prol E)

The programmable exponent function is used to calculate open-channel flow measured with a level transmitter in weirs and flumes. The flow rate is proportional to the head height. Scale the meter so that the low input signal (e.g. 4 mA) is equal to zero flow and the high input signal (e.g. 20 mA) is equal to the maximum flow. This method works well for all weirs and flumes that have a simple exponent in the flow calculation formula. For weirs and flumes with complex exponents it is necessary to use a strapping table and the 32-point linearization of the meter.

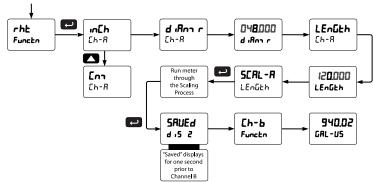
## Multi-Point Linearization (L InEAr)

Meters are set up at the factory for linear function with 2-point linearization. Up to 32 linearization points can be selected for each channel under the linear function. The multi-point linearization can be used to linearize the display for non-linear signals such as those from level transmitters used to measure volume in odd-shaped tanks or to convert level to flow using weirs and flumes with complex exponent.



#### Round Horizontal Tank Linearization (rHL)

This function is used to calculate volume in a round horizontal tank with flat ends. The volume is calculated based on the diameter and length of the tank. The tank's dimensions can be entered in inches or centimeters; the meter automatically calculates the volume in gallons or liters. After entering the dimensions, complete the scaling process with the display values calculated by the meter. The meter can be re-scaled to display the volume in any engineering unit without the need to re-enter the dimensions again.



Note: After Scale is displayed continue pressing the Enter button until the meter completes the scaling of the input and display values.

## ProtEX-MAX PD8-6060 Explosion-Proof Dual-Input Meter Instruction Manual

#### Changing the Volume from Gallons to Liters

In the above graphic, entering the 48" for the diameter and 120" for the length of the round horizontal tank, the meter automatically calculates that the volume of the tank is 940.02 gallons.

- Convert gallons to liters
   US gallon = 3.7854 L
   940.02 gal = 3558.4 L
- 2. Go to the Setup menu and change the decimal point to 1 decimal.
- 3. Go to the *Program Scale* menu and press Enter until ₫ ⋅5 ♂ is shown on the Upper display.
- 4. Press Enter and change the display 2 value to 3558.4.
- 5. The meter is now displaying the volume in liters.

Note: The display can be scaled to display the volume in any engineering units.

## Math Function (^¬ おとり)

The *Math* menu is used to select the math function that will determine the channel C value. These math functions are a combination of input channels A and B, and will display when channel C is selected in the *Display* menu.

The following math functions are available.

Function	Display	Description
Sunm	Sum	Channel C = (A+B+P)*F
Dif	Difference	Channel C = (A-B+P)*F
difabs	Absolute difference	Channel C = ((Absolute value of (A-B))+P)*F
Avg	Average	Channel C = $(((A+B)/2)+P)*F$
nmulti	Multiplication	Channel C = $((A*B)+P)*F$
Divide	Divide	Channel C = $((A/B)+P)*F$
Hi-ab	Max of A or B	C = ((High value of channel A or B)+P)*F
Lo-ab	Min of A or B	C = ((Low value of channel A or B)+P)*F
Drauw	Draw	Channel C = ((A/B)-1)*F
uwAvg	Weighted avg.	Channel C = $((B-A)*F)+A$
ratio	Ratio	Channel C = (A/B)*F
Ratio2	Ratio 2	C = ((B-A)/A)+P)*F
Concen	Concentration	Channel C = (A/(A+B))*F

## Math Constants (Con5t)

The *Math Constants* menu is used to set the constants used in channel C math. The math functions include input channel A and B, as well as the adder constant P, and factor constant F.

The Adder constant (P) may be set from -99.999 to 999.999.

The Factor constant (F) may be set from 0.001 to 999.999.

The chart on page 52 details the math functions that may be selected in the *Math Function* menu.

## Low-Flow Cutoff ([uboFF)

The low-flow cutoff feature allows the meter to be programmed so that the often-unsteady output from a differential pressure transmitter, at low flow rates, always displays zero on the meter.

The cutoff value may be programmed from 0 to 999999. The meter will display zero below the cutoff value. Programming the cutoff value to zero disables the cutoff feature.



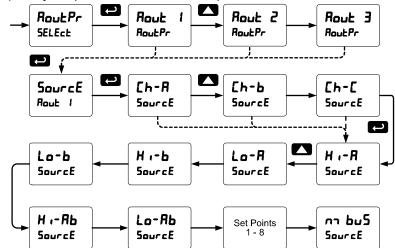
## Analog Output Programming (RoutPr)

The *Analog Output Programming* menu is used to program the behavior of the 4-20 mA output. The following parameters and functions are programmed in this menu:

- Source: Source for generating the 4-20 mA output
- 2. Overrange: Analog output value with display in overrange condition
- Underrange: Analog output value with display in underrange condition
- 4. Break: Analog output value when loop break is detected
- 5. Max: Maximum analog output value allowed regardless of input
- 6. Min: Minimum analog output value allowed regardless of input
- 7. Calibrate: Calibrate the internal 4-20 mA source reference used to scale the 4-20 mA output

## **Analog Output Source**

The analog output source can be based on either of the input channels (Ch-A, Ch-B), the math channel (Ch-C), maximum stored value of either input channel (Hi-A, Hi-B), minimum stored value of either input channel (Lo-A, Lo-B), relay set points, or the Modbus input.



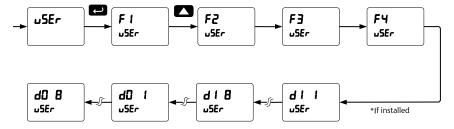
#### **Analog Output Calibration**

To perform the analog output calibration, it is recommended to use a milliamp meter with a resolution of at least 0.1  $\mu$ A to measure the output current. The values saved internally during this procedure are used for scaling the 4-20 mA output in the *Setup* menu.

## Programmable Function Keys User Menu (25Er)

The *User* menu allows the user to assign the front panel function keys F1, F2, and F3, the digital input F4 (a digital input located on the signal input connector), and up to eight additional digital inputs to access most of the menus or to activate certain functions immediately (e.g. reset max & min, hold relay states, etc.). This allows the meter to be greatly customized for use in specialized applications.

Up to eight digital outputs can be assigned to a number of actions and functions executed by the meter (i.e. alarms, relay acknowledgement, reset max, min, or max & min, tare, and reset tare). The digital outputs can be used to trigger external alarms or lights to indicate these specific events.





## Function Keys & Digital I/O Available Settings

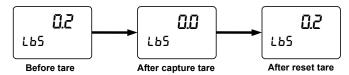
Refer to the following table for descriptions of each available function key or digital I/O setting.

Display	Description	Display	Description
rSE XI	Reset the stored maximum display values for all channels	LnlLo	Display minimum channel A display value on line 1
rSt Lo	Reset the stored minimum display values for all channels		Display maximum & minimum channel A display values on line 1
rSE XL	Reset the stored maximum & minimum display values for all	FuS X:	Display maximum channel B display value on line 2
ŁRrE R	channels  Capture tare and zero the display	L∪S Fo	Display minimum Channel B display value on line 2
	for channel A (A LED flashes – same rate as M)*	TUS HE	Display maximum & minimum channel B display values on line 2
FWLE P	Capture tare and zero the display for channel B (B LED flashes –	T 'FATE	Display maximum channel C display value on line 2
ר52 צר	same rate as M)* Reset captured tare and resume	TV5 XE	Display minimum channel C display value on line 2
	normal operation for both channels A & B	FUS HE	Display maximum & minimum channel C display values on line 2
-EFBA	Directly access the relay menu	F On 1*	Force relay 1 (*through 4) into the
SEŁ (* 	Directly access the set point menu for relay 1 (*through 8)		on state. This function is used in conjunction with a digital input to
LFA 9	Disable all relays until a button assigned to enable relays (rLY E) is pressed		achieve interlock functionality. See page 43 for details about interlock relays.
rly E	Enable all relays to function as they	[ontrl	Directly access the control menu
O XoLd	have been programmed  Hold current relay states and	4 '28PF	Disable the selected function key or digital I/O
	analog output as they are until a button assigned to <i>enable relays</i> (rLY E) is pressed	ЯcХ	Acknowledge all active relays that are in a manual operation mode such as auto-manual or latching
q Xofq	Hold the current display value, relay	r858Ł	Directly access the reset menu
	states, and analog output momentarily while the function key	naEnu	Mimic the menu button functionality (digital inputs only)
	or digital input is active. The process value will continue to be calculated in the background.	∟ ¹ΩXF	Mimic the right arrow/F1 button functionality (digital inputs only)
	Scrolls values for A, B & C when activated. Keeps the last value for	υP	Mimic the up arrow/F2 button functionality (digital inputs only)
d 8PE	10 seconds and then it returns to its assignment. Values are displayed	Enter	Mimic the enter/F3 button functionality (digital inputs only)
	on display line 1 and the corresponding channel and units on display line 2.	RLns (*	Provide indication when alarm 1 (*through 8) has been triggered (digital outputs only)
Ln I X :	Display maximum channel A display value on line 1		

<sup>\*</sup> If math functions are displayed, the math function indicator LED "C" will flash when either A or B channel is using a tare value (net value).

## Tare (tare A, tare B)

The tare function zero's out the display. In the case of scale weight, tare is used to eliminate container weight and provide net weight readings. There are two tare functions; Capture Tare for channel A and B, and Reset Tare. Display channel indicator letter flashes when a tare is used. It will flash until the tare is reset.



Gross (without tare) and net (with tare) values can be viewed simultaneously. See page 32.

## Internal Calibration ( IERL)

The meter is factory calibrated prior to shipment to read in milliamps and volts depending on the input selection. The calibration equipment is traceable to NIST standards.

The use of calibrated signal sources is necessary to perform the internal calibration of the meter. Check calibration of the meter at least every 12 months. Each input and input type must be recalibrated separately.

#### Notes:

- 1. If meter is in operation and it is intended to accept only one input type (e.g. 4-20 mA), recalibration of other input is not necessary.
- 2. Allow the meter to warm up for at least 15 minutes before performing the internal calibration procedure.

The Internal calibration menu is part of the Advanced Features menu.

- 1. Press and hold the Menu button for three seconds to access the advanced features of the meter.
- 2. Press the Up arrow button to scroll to the *Internal calibration* menu ( !ERL) and press Enter.
- 3. Select channel A ([h-R]) or channel B ([h-b]) and press enter.
- 4. The meter displays either current calibration (£ £8£) or voltage calibration (£ £8£), according to the input setup. Press Enter to start the calibration process.

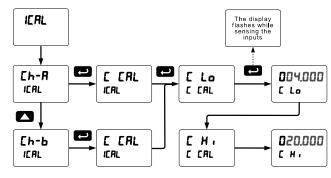
#### Example of Internal Calibration for current input:

- 5. The meter displays *low* input current message (£ La). Apply the low input signal and press Enter. The display flashes for a moment while the meter is accepting the low input signal.
- 6. After the display stops flashing, a number is displayed with the leftmost digit brighter than the rest. The bright digit is the active digit that can be changed by pressing the Up arrow button. Press the Right arrow button to move to the next digit.
- 7. Set the display value to correspond to the input signal being calibrated, typically 4.000 mA.
- 8. The display moves to the *high* input calibration ( $\mathcal{L} \mathcal{H}_{i}$ ). Apply the high input signal and press Enter.
- 9. Set the display for the high input calibration, in the same way as it was set for the low input calibration, typically 20.000 mA.

The graphic shows the calibration of the current input. The voltage input is calibrated in a similar way.

#### Tips:

- Low and high input signals can be any valid values within the range of the meter.
- Observe minimum input span requirements between input 1 and input 2.
- Low input should be less than high input signal.



## ProtEX-MAX PD8-6060 Explosion-Proof Dual-Input Meter Instruction Manual

## Error Message (Error)

An error message indicates that the calibration or scaling process was not successful.

After the error message is displayed, the meter reverts to input 2 during calibration or scaling and to input 1 during internal calibration, allowing the appropriate input signal to be applied or programmed.

The error message might be caused by any of the following conditions:

- 1. Input signal is not connected to the proper terminals, or it is connected backwards.
- 2. Wrong signal selection in Setup menu.
- 3. Minimum input span requirements not maintained.

## **Minimum Input Span**

The minimum input span is the minimum difference between input 1 and input 2 signals required to complete the calibration or scaling of the meter.

Input Range	Input 1 & Input 2 Span	
4-20 mA	0.15 mA	
±10 VDC	0.01 VDC	

# **Meter Operation**

input or math channel.

The meter is capable of accepting two input channels (A and B) of either current (0-20 mA, 4-20 mA) or voltage signals (0-5 V, 1-5 V, 0-10 V,  $\pm$  10 V) and displaying these signals in engineering units from -99999 to 999999 (e.g. a 4-20 mA signal could be displayed as -50.000 to 50.000).

A math function channel (C) is available to perform operations on channel A and B, with adder and factor constants, and display the results. Engineering units or tags may be displayed with these three channels. The dual-line display can be customized by the user. Typically, the upper display is used to display the math channel C, while the lower display is used to alternate between displaying input channels A and B. Additionally, the meter can be set up to display any input or math channel on the upper display and a unit or tag on the lower display. The relays and analog output can be programmed to operate based on any

## **Front Panel Buttons Operation**

<b>Button Symbol</b>	Description
MENU OF MENU	Press to enter or exit Programming Mode, view settings, or exit max/min readings
or F1	Press to reset max/min readings or other parameter/function assigned through the <i>User</i> menu
or F2	Press to display max/min readings for channel A or other parameter/function assigned through the <i>User</i> menu
or F3	Press to acknowledge relays or other parameters/function assigned through the <i>User</i> menu

## SafeTouch® Buttons

The ProtEX-MAX is equipped with four sensors that operate as through-glass buttons so that it can be programmed and operated without removing the cover (and exposing the electronics) in a hazardous area.

These buttons can be disabled for security by selecting DISABLE on the switch labeled NO-CONTACT BUTTONS located on the connector board.

To actuate a button, press one finger to the glass directly over the marked button area. Then retract finger more than three inches from the glass before pressing the next button. When the cover is removed, the four mechanical buttons located next to the sensors are used. The sensors are disabled when a mechanical button is pressed and will automatically be re-enabled after 60 seconds of inactivity.

The SafeTouch Buttons are designed to filter normal levels of ambient interference and to protect against false triggering, however, it is recommended that the SafeTouch Buttons be disabled (slide switch to LOCK) if there is an infrared interference source in line-of-sight to the display.

The SafeTouch Buttons are configured by default to duplicate the function of the front panel mechanical pushbuttons associated with the integrated meter. The symbols by each SafeTouch button correspond to a mechanical button as shown in the above table.

SafeTouch Button Tips:

- To the extent possible, install the display facing away from sunlight, windows, reflective objects and any sources of infrared interference.
- Keep the glass window clean.
- Tighten the cover securely.
- Use a password to prevent tampering.



Take caution when cleaning the window glass as it may result in unintentional SafeTouch button events. Only clean the ProtEX-MAX when the system is safely shut down, and inspect the ProtEX-MAX for proper configuration prior to system restart.

## ProtEX-MAX PD8-6060 Explosion-Proof Dual-Input Meter Instruction Manual

## F4 Operation

A digital input, F4, is standard on the meter. This digital input is programmed identically to function keys F1, F2, and F3. The input is triggered with a contact closure to COM, or with an active low signal. During operation, F4 operates according to the way is has been programmed in the *Advanced Features – User* menu.

## Maximum/Minimum Readings

The max & min readings (peak & valley) reached by the process can be displayed either continuously or momentary:

- 1. Display briefly by assigning to the F1-F3 function keys or to the digital inputs in the *User* menu.
- 2. Display continuously by assigning either display to max/min through the Display menu.

Any of the F1-F3 function keys (buttons) and the digital inputs can be programmed to reset the max & min readings. The meters are set at the factory to display the max reading by pressing the Up arrow/F2 button and to use the Right arrow/F1 button to access the *Reset* menu.

#### To display max and min channel A reading using function key with factory defaults:

- 1. Press Up arrow/F2 button to display minimum reading of channel A since the last reset/power-up. The display will then display the maximum reading of channel A since the last reset/power-up.
- 2. Press the Up arrow/F2 button again to display the minimum reading of channel A since the last reset/power up.
- 3. To reset max/min press Right arrow/F1 button to access the Reset menu. The max & min displays are reset to actual values.
- 4. Press Menu to exit max/min display reading.



# **Troubleshooting**

The rugged design and the user-friendly interface of the meter should make it unusual for the installer or operator to refer to this section of the manual. However, due to the many features and functions of the meter, it's possible that the setup of the meter does not agree with what an operator expects to see. If the meter is not working as expected, refer to the *Diagnostics* menu and recommendations below.

# Diagnostics Menu (d パじ)

The *Diagnostics* menu is located in the *Advanced Features* menu, to access *Diagnostics* menu see *Advanced Features Menu*, page 46.

This menu allows the user to test the functionality of all the meter LEDs, check the meter's software and version information, and erase the MeterView Pro software installation files from the meter. Press the Enter button to view the settings and the Menu button to exit at any time.

For a description of the diagnostic messages, see Advanced Features Menu & Display Messages, page 46

## **Determining Software Version**

To determine the software version of a meter:

- 1. Go to the *Diagnostics* menu (d 'RG) and press Enter button.
- 2. Press Up arrow button and scroll to Information menu ( InFa).
- 3. Press Enter to access the software number (5FŁ) and version (UEr) information. Write down the information as it is displayed. Continue pressing Enter until all the information is displayed.
- 4. The meter returns to Run Mode after displaying all the settings.

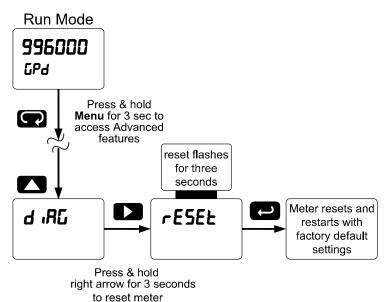
## **Reset Meter to Factory Defaults**

When the parameters have been changed in a way that is difficult to determine what's happening, it might be better to start the setup process from the factory defaults.

#### Instructions to load factory defaults:

- 1. Enter the Advanced Features menu. See Advanced Features Menu, page 46.
- 2. Press Up arrow to go to Diagnostics menu
- 3. Press and hold Right arrow for three seconds, press Enter when display flashes £5£Ł.

  Note: If Enter is not pressed within three seconds, the display returns to Run Mode.
- 4. The meter goes through an initialization sequence (similar as on power-up), and loads the factory default settings.



## **Factory Defaults & User Settings**

The following table shows the factory setting for most of the programmable parameters on the meter.

Parameter	Display	Default Setting
Input type	InPut	
Input type, channel A	Eh-A	4-20 mA
Input type, channel B	[h-b	4-20 mA
Unit	חט יך	
Unit, channel A	[h-A	mA-A
Unit, channel B	[h-b	mA-b
Unit, channel C	[h-[	mA-C
Number of points	no PES	
Number of points, ch A	[h-A	2
Number of points, ch B	[h-b	2
Scaling, (channel A)	ScAL A	
Input 1, channel A	InP 1	4.000 mA
Display 1, channel A	d 15 1	4.000
Input 2, channel A	InP 2	20.000 mA
Display 2, channel A	d 15 2	20.000
Scaling (channel B)	ScAL b	
Input 1, channel B	InP I	4.000 mA
Display 1, channel B	d 15 1	4.000
Input 2, channel B	InP 2	20.000 mA
Display 2, channel B	d 15 2	20.000
Math, channel C	בחט	Sum
Adder (constant P)	RddEr	0.000
Factor (constant F)	FRctor	1
Filter	F iLtEr	
Filter, channel A	[h-R	70
Filter, channel B	[h-b	70
Bypass, channel A	64PRSS	0.2
Bypass, channel B	64PRSS	0.2
Round	round	1
Cutoff	CutoFF	
Cutoff value, channel A	[h-A	0.000 (disabled)
Cutoff value, channel B	[h-b	0.000 (disabled)
Display assignment	<b>dSPLRY</b>	
Display line 1	d [h-A	Channel A
Display line 2	d [h-b	Channel B
Display intensity	d- Inty	8
Relay 1 assignment	[h-R	Channel A
Relay 1 action	Act 1	Automatic
Relay 1 set point	SEŁ I	1.000
Relay 1 reset point	rSE 1	0.500
Relay 2 assignment	[h-R	Channel A

Parameter	Display	Default Setting
Relay 2 action	Rct 2	Automatic
Relay 2 set point	SEŁ 2	2.000
Relay 2 reset point	r5£ 2	1.500
Relay 3 assignment	Eh-A	Channel A
Relay 3 action	Rct 3	Automatic
Relay 3 set point	5EŁ 3	3.000
Relay 3 reset point	r5£ 3	2.500
Relay 4 assignment	[h-A	Channel A
Relay 4 action	Act 4	Automatic
Relay 4 set point	SEŁ 4	4.000
Relay 4 reset point	r5Ł 4	3.500
Fail-safe relay 1	FLS 1	Off
Fail-safe relay 2	FLS 2	Off
Fail-safe relay 3	FLS 3	Off
Fail-safe relay 4	FLS 4	Off
On delay relay 1	Dn 1	0.0 sec
Off delay relay 1	OFF I	0.0 sec
On delay relay 2	On 2	0.0 sec
Off delay relay 2	OFF 2	0.0 sec
On delay relay 3	On 3	0.0 sec
Off delay relay 3	0FF 3	0.0 sec
On delay relay 4	0n 4	0.0 sec
Off delay relay 4	0FF 4	0.0 sec
Loop break relay 1	ıūnorE	Ignore
Loop break relay 2	ıūnorE	Ignore
Loop break relay 3	ıūnorE	Ignore
Loop break relay 4	ıGnorE	Ignore
Display 1 analog out	d 15 1	4.000
Output 1 value	Out 1	4.000 mA
Display 2 analog out	4 12 5	20.000
Output 2 value	Onf 5	20.000 mA
Source analog output	SourcE	Channel A
Overrange output	O-rAnG	21.000 mA
Underrange output	u-rAnG	3.000 mA
Loop break output	<b>brERH</b>	3.000 mA
Maximum output	nn AH	23.000 mA
Minimum output	חו רח	3.000 mA
Slave ID (Address)	SLRU Id	247
Baud rate	PHnq	9600
Transmit delay	tr dLY	50 ms
Parity	PAr 124	Even

# ProtEX-MAX PD8-6060 Explosion-Proof Dual-Input Meter Instruction Manual

Parameter	Display	Default Setting
Byte-to-byte timeout	F-P7F	010 (0.1 sec)
F1 function key	F I	Reset max & min
F2 function key	F2	Upper Max & Min
F3 function key	F3	Acknowledge relays
F4 function (digital input)	F4	Acknowledge relays
Digital input 1	411	Menu
Digital input 2	415	Right arrow
Digital input 3	d1 3	Up arrow

Parameter	Display	Default Setting
Digital input 4	414	Enter
Digital output 1	4D 1	Alarm 1
Digital output 2	40 S	Alarm 2
Digital output 3	4D 3	Alarm 3
Digital output 4	4D 4	Alarm 4
Password 1	PR55 1	000000 (unlocked)
Password 2	PR55 2	000000 (unlocked)
Password 3	PR55 3	000000 (unlocked)

# **Troubleshooting Tips**

Symptom	Check/Action
SafeTouch buttons do not respond	If mechanical button was pushed. The SafeTouch buttons will be re- enabled automatically <b>60 seconds</b> after the last button push. If slide switch on connector board is in DISABLE position, switch to ENABLE.
	Strong direct sunlight may interfere with SafeTouch button operation. It is recommended to operate the buttons by standing so as to block direct sunlight.
Serial Communications Power LED Indicator is off	Check modular cable connection     Check power to the device
If only the TX (or DATA IN) data status LED is flashing when serial communications attempted	<ol> <li>Check serial cable</li> <li>Check protocol selected on device</li> <li>Check instrument address &amp; baud rate</li> <li>Check program address &amp; baud rate</li> </ol>
If both data status LEDs (TX and RX) are off when trying to communicate	Remove all unnecessary cables and instruments from the bus. Try getting the system to work with only one device (to ease troubleshooting) and then expand the system one device at a time.
Communications slow	Increase the baud rate
Random communication errors	<ol> <li>Increase the TX delay time</li> <li>Decrease the baud rate</li> </ol>
Power LED is off	Check modular cable connection     Check power to instrument
No display at all	Check power at power connector
Not able to change setup or programming, Locd is displayed	Meter is password-protected, enter correct six-digit password to unlock
Meter displays error message during calibration (Error)	<ol> <li>Check signal connections</li> <li>Check input selected in <i>Setup</i> menu</li> <li>Check minimum input span requirements</li> </ol>
Meter displays 1. 999999 299999	<ol> <li>Check input selected in <i>Setup</i> menu</li> <li>Check corresponding signal at Signal connector</li> </ol>
Display is unstable	<ol> <li>Check input signal stability and value</li> <li>Check display scaling vs. input signal</li> <li>Check filter and bypass values (increase)</li> </ol>
Display response is too slow	Check filter and bypass values
Display reading is not accurate	<ol> <li>Check signal input conditioner selected: Linear, square root, etc.</li> <li>Check scaling or calibration</li> </ol>
Display does not respond to input changes, reading a fixed number	Check display assignment, it might be displaying max, min, or set point.
Display alternates between  1. H and a number  2. Lo and a number	Press Menu to exit max/min display readings.
Relay operation is reversed	<ol> <li>Check fail-safe in Setup menu</li> <li>Check wiring of relay contacts</li> </ol>
Relay and status LED do not respond to signal	<ol> <li>Check relay action in <i>Setup</i> menu</li> <li>Check set and reset points</li> </ol>
Flashing relay status LEDs	Relays in manual control mode or relay interlock switches opened.
If the display locks up or the meter does not respond at all	Cycle the power to reboot the microprocessor.
Other symptoms not described above	Call Technical Support for assistance.

## **Service**



- Installation and service should be performed only by trained service personnel. Service requiring replacement of internal sub-components must be performed at the factory.
- Disconnect from supply before opening enclosure. Keep cover tight while circuits are alive. Conduit seals must be installed within 18" (450mm) of the enclosure.
- Verify that the operating atmosphere of the instrument is consistent with the appropriate hazardous locations certifications.
- If the instrument is installed in a high voltage environment and a fault or installation error occurs, high voltage may be present on any lead
- Read all product labels completely and follow all instructions and requirements listed on the labels for installation or service.

If the enclosure is sound and undamaged, then only the internal electronics housing will need to be returned to the factory for service. Contact the factory for RMA number and return instructions.

# **Mounting Dimensions**

All units: inches (mm)

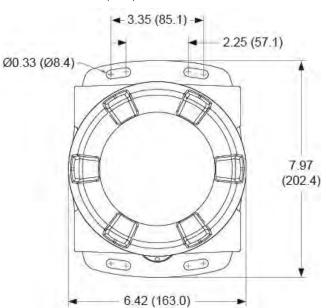


Figure 22: Enclosure Dimensions – Front View

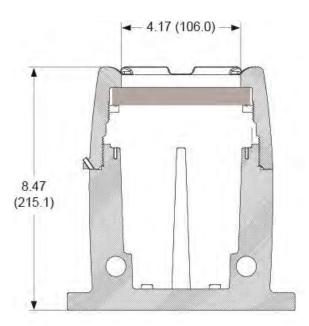


Figure 23: Enclosure Dimensions – Side Cross Section View

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# **EU Declaration of Conformity**

Issued in accordance with ISO/IEC 17050-1:2004 and ATEX Directive 2014/34/EU.

We.

Precision Digital Corporation 233 South Street Hopkinton, MA 01748 USA

as the manufacturer, declare under our sole responsibility that the product(s),

#### **Model PD8 ProtEX-MAX Series**

to which this declaration relates, is in conformity with the European Union Directives shown below:

2014/35/EU Low Voltage Directive

2014/34/EU ATEX Directive 2014/30/EU EMC Directive 2011/65/EU RoHS Directive

This conformity is based on compliance with the application of harmonized or applicable technical standards and, when applicable or required, a European Union notified body certification.

#### Standards:

EN 55022:2007 EN 61000-6-2:2005 EN 60079-0:2009 EN 61000-6-4:2007 EN 60079-1:2007 EN 61010-1:2001 EN 60079-31:2008 EN 61326:2006

The standards EN 55022:2007, EN 60079-0:2009, EN 60079-1:2007, EN 60079-31:2008, EN 61000-6-4:2007, EN 61010-1:2001, and EN 61326:2006 are no longer harmonized. The requirements of these standards have been checked against the harmonized standard EN 55022:2010, EN 60079-0:2012+A11:2013, EN 60079-1:2014, EN 60079-31:2014, EN 61000-6-4:2007+A1:2011, EN 61010-1:2010, and EN 61326:2013 and there were no major technical changes affecting the latest technical knowledge for the products listed above.

EC Type Examination Certificate: Sira 12ATEX1182

Product Markings: (XX) II 2 G D

Ex d IIC T\* Gb

Ex tb IIIC T90°C Db IP68

Tamb =  $-40^{\circ}$ C to +\*°C (\*T5 = 65°C, \*T6 = 60°C)

ATEX Notified Body for EC Type Examination Certificate: Sira Certification Service, NB 0518

Unit 6, Hawarden Industrial Park Hawarden, Deeside, CH5 3US, UK

ATEX Quality Assurance Notification No.: SIRA 10 ATEX M462

ATEX Notified Body for Quality Assurance: Sira Certification Service, NB 0518

Unit 6, Hawarden Industrial Park Hawarden, Deeside, CH5 3US, UK

Signed for and on behalf of Precision Digital Corporation:

Name: Jeffrey Peters

Company: Precision Digital Corporation

Title: President
Date: 02/12/2018

Document No: DoC PD8 {021218}

PRECISION DIGITAL CORPORATION





